UNIVERSITY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY REGULAR AND SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021



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Board of Trustees The University of Akron 302 Buchtel Common Akron, Ohio 44325

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of The University of Akron, Summit County, prepared by Crowe LLP, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The University of Akron is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 18, 2023





(A component unit of the State of Ohio)

Financial Report

With Supplemental Information

June 30, 2022



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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of The University of Akron's (The University) annual financial performance provides an overall review of The University's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis views The University's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of The University's financial performance.

Using the Annual Financial Report

The annual report is prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles, which establish standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities, and consists of this Management's Discussion and Analysis, three separate but interrelated financial statements, and the Report of Independent Auditors. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by many private sector companies. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned while expenses are recognized when incurred.

The University's financial statements include the *Statements of Net Position*; *Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position*; and *Statements of Cash Flows*. The financial statements focus on the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of The University, as a whole.

The Statements of Net Position includes all assets and liabilities, as well as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual balance reported as net position. The assets and liabilities are presented in the order of relative liquidity while net position is categorized as Net investment in capital assets, Restricted, or Unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of the improvement or erosion of The University's financial health.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. The revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. The State of Ohio (State) provides significant operating and capital financial resources to The University, which are classified as nonoperating revenues; therefore, substantial operating losses are not uncommon for public colleges and universities. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2021, and 2022, the State provided approximately \$110 million, \$101 million, and \$107 million, respectively, for operating and capital purposes while The University's operating losses were approximately \$118 million, \$91 million, and \$99.8 million, respectively, for each of those years.

The Statements of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows summarized within the activities of operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities. Cash flows from operating activities generally result from the provision of goods or services in the normal course of doing business and are generally the cash effects of transactions that determine operating income. Meanwhile, noncapital financing activities typically include borrowing and repaying money for purposes other than acquiring, constructing, or improving capital assets.

Conversely, *capital and related financing activities* generally include acquiring and disposing of capital assets, borrowing and repaying money for acquiring, constructing, or improving capital assets, and paying for capital assets obtained from vendors on credit. The *investing activities* generally relate to making and collecting loans and acquiring and disposing of debt or equity instruments.

The University is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State of Ohio and as such, The University's financial activity is also included within the State of Ohio's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The University has two discretely presented component units that are combined and reported in a separate column on The University's financial statements to emphasize that each are legally separate from The University. The University of Akron Foundation (Foundation) and The University of Akron Research Foundation (Research Foundation) are not-for-profit organizations supporting The University. Since the focus of this discussion is on The University, these component units are not included in the narratives or numbers of the Management's Discussion and Analysis. However, the component units are described in greater detail in the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Statements of Net Position

The following table summarizes The University's Statements of Net Position for the most recent three fiscal years (in millions):

	 2020	2021	2022
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 202.7	\$ 259.1	\$ 235.8
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital	670.7	634.2	612.9
Other	 99.3	 116.3	 103.5
Total assets	972.7	1,009.6	952.2
Deferred outflow of resources	90.3	71.2	69.3
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	68.4	76.8	61.1
Noncurrent liabilities	 745.6	647.5	489.8
Total liabilities	814.0	724.3	550.9
Deferred inflow of resources	99.6	93.2	179.9
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	290.0	269.3	259.1
Nonexpendable	27.2	28.4	29.4
Expendable	72.9	88.6	78.4
Unrestricted	(240.7)	 (123.0)	(76.2)
Total net position	\$ 149.4	\$ 263.3	\$ 290.7

Assets and deferred outflows of resources

Current assets include those highly liquid assets that are used for current operations such as cash and cash equivalents; investments; accounts, pledges, student notes, and accrued interest receivable; inventories; and prepaid expenses. For 2021, current assets increased \$56.4 million. The principal causes of the change in 2021 were from an increase in pooled investments of \$26.4 million and a \$29.1 million increase in accounts receivable, which consisted of COVID grant funding billed but not yet received. In 2022, accounts receivable decreased by \$26.3 million due to spending of the COVID grant funding driving a decrease in current assets of \$23.3 million.

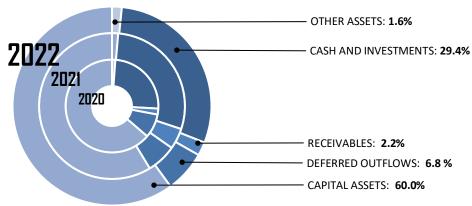
Noncurrent assets consist of endowment and restricted investments, pledges and student notes receivable, long-term prepaid expenses and deferred charges, and capital assets. Noncurrent assets decreased \$19.5 million and \$34.1 million for 2021 and 2022, respectively. The changes in 2021 were due to a decrease in capitalization of equipment of \$36.6 million offset by an increase in endowment investments of \$17.8 million. The changes in 2022 were due to decreases in capitalization of equipment of \$22.1 million and decreases in endowment investments of \$11.9 million caused primarily by unrealized losses.

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as the consumption of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position like assets and consists of deferred amounts on The University's bond refunding transactions and the effects of changes in the net pension and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability to be included in future pension and OPEB expense. Deferred outflows decreased by \$19.1 million and \$1.9 million in 2021 and 2022, respectively. The changes for 2021 and 2022 were primarily attributed to future pension and OPEB expense.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Assets and deferred outflows of resources (continued)

Following is the composition of assets and deferred outflows for each year (with 2022 percentages):



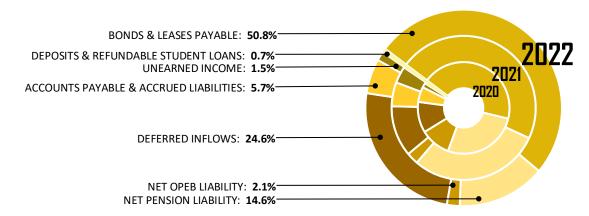
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources

Current liabilities include all items that are due or mature within one year. The current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued liabilities, accrued interest payable, unearned income, and the short-term portion of long-term liabilities. Current liabilities increased \$8.4 million for 2021 and decreased \$15.7 million for 2022. The largest changes in 2021 were an increase in unearned income of \$16.4 million of COVID grants to be recognized as revenue in 2022 and a decrease in the current portion of long-term liabilities of \$8.6 million. These positions reversed in 2022 as unearned income decreased by \$19.8 million back to pre-COVID levels, and the current portion of long-term liabilities increased by \$5.9 million.

Noncurrent liabilities consist of refundable federal student loans, net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liabilities, and long-term debt including capital leases and sick leave. For 2021 and 2022, noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$98.1 million and \$157.7 million, respectively. For 2021, \$14.0 million was attributable to payment of bonds principal and OPEB liability decreased by \$75.8 million of which \$49.1 million was due to the termination of all benefits under The University retiree life insurance and dependent healthcare plan. For 2022, \$134.0 million was a decrease in net pension liability and \$15.7 million was a decrease to long-term liabilities due primarily to a net reduction of \$11.4 million in bonds payable.

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position similar to liabilities. Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$6.4 million and increased \$86.7 million in 2021 and 2022, respectively. During 2022, a Pension increase of \$90.5 million was offset slightly by an OPEB decrease of \$3.5 million.

Following is the composition of liabilities and deferred inflows for each year (with 2022 percentages):



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Net position

As reflected earlier, *net position* represents the residual balance and, over time, is one indicator of improving or eroding financial health. Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the statements of net position and is displayed in three components: Net investment in capital assets, Restricted, or Unrestricted. Restricted net position includes both expendable and nonexpendable components. For 2021, net position increased 76.2% or \$113.9 million. Pension and OPEB income of \$71.9 million, due to changes in the State of Ohio actuarial assumptions and the elimination of The University retiree life insurance and dependent healthcare plan, an unrealized gain on investments of \$24.0 million and \$9.3 million recovery of lost revenue from the COVID grants all contributed to the 2021 increase in net position. For 2022, net position increased by \$27.4 million as unrestricted funds increased by \$44.3 million due to the net change in Pension and were only partially offset by decreases of \$11.7 million and \$10.2 million in endowments and net investment in capital assets, respectively.

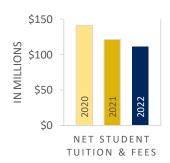
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes The University's Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the most recent three fiscal years (in millions):

Operating revenues: 1 141.4 \$ 121.3 \$ 110.9 Grants and contracts 21.0 20.5 22.3 Sales and services 5.1 4.3 4.8 Auxiliary enterprises 24.4 16.6 23.1 Other operating revenues 26.6 2.5 2.8 Total operating revenues 194.5 165.2 163.9 Operating expenses: Educational and general: 129.0 99.2 95.6 Other educational and general 152.3 151.6 162.2 Auxiliary enterprises 41.4 29.9 38.2 Pension and OPEB revenue (2.6) (71.8) (51.8) Depreciation/Amortization 42.7 47.1 38.1 Total operating expenses 362.8 256.0 282.3 Operating loss (168.3) (90.8) (118.4) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 35.3 95.0 95.5 State appropriations 36.7 55.7 60.3 Gifts and distributions 18.9 18.1		2020	2021	2022
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Other changes: Capital appropriations 14.2 6.1 11.8 Other changes (net) 3.5 7.2 1.4 Total other changes 17.7 13.3 13.2 Increase (decrease) in net position (11.8) 113.9 27.4 Net position: Net position - beginning of year 159.6 149.4 263.3 Change in accounting principle 1.6 - - Net position - as restated 161.2 149.4 263.3	. 5			
Capital appropriations 14.2 6.1 11.8 Other changes (net) 3.5 7.2 1.4 Total other changes 17.7 13.3 13.2 Increase (decrease) in net position (11.8) 113.9 27.4 Net position: Value Net position - beginning of year 159.6 149.4 263.3 Change in accounting principle 1.6 - - - Net position - as restated 161.2 149.4 263.3	Gain (loss) before other changes	(29.5)	100.6	14.2
Other changes (net) 3.5 7.2 1.4 Total other changes 17.7 13.3 13.2 Increase (decrease) in net position (11.8) 113.9 27.4 Net position: Value				
Total other changes 17.7 13.3 13.2 Increase (decrease) in net position (11.8) 113.9 27.4 Net position: Value Valu			~	
Increase (decrease) in net position (11.8) 113.9 27.4 Net position:	Other changes (net)	-	7.2	1.4
Net position:159.6149.4263.3Net position - beginning of year1.6Change in accounting principle1.6Net position - as restated161.2149.4263.3	Total other changes	17.7	13.3	13.2
Net position - beginning of year159.6149.4263.3Change in accounting principle1.6Net position - as restated161.2149.4263.3	Increase (decrease) in net position	(11.8)	113.9	27.4
Change in accounting principle1.6Net position - as restated161.2149.4263.3	Net position:			
Net position - as restated 161.2 149.4 263.3	Net position - beginning of year	159.6	149.4	263.3
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Change in accounting principle	1.6		
Net position - end of year <u>\$ 149.4</u> <u>\$ 263.3</u> <u>\$ 290.7</u>	Net position - as restated	161.2	149.4	263.3
	Net position - end of year	\$ 149.4	\$ 263.3	\$ 290.7

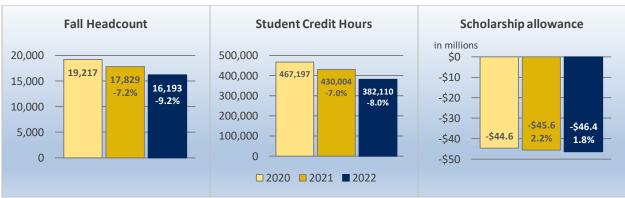
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Operating revenues



Student tuition and fees include all tuition and fees assessed for educational purposes, net of refunds and recognized discounts. Beginning in the fall 2018, new baccalaureate degree seeking students to The University participate in the Tuition Guarantee Program which provides fixed tuition, select fees, and room and board rates for each incoming cohort. In addition, GASB requires the portion of student aid, which is provided in the form of reduced tuition, to be reported as a reduction of this revenue, or scholarship allowance. Net tuition and fees decreased 14.2% in 2021 and 8.5% in 2022. Changes in net tuition and fees were attributable to the student headcount, student credit hours taken, and fees charged.

The following charts reflect certain changes that have an effect on the net student tuition and fee revenue:

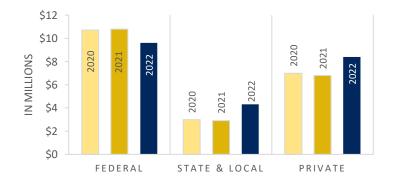


Sources: The University of Akron Planning, Strategy & Insights Department and Office of the Controller.

Grants and contracts include the combined federal, state, local, and private grants and contracts revenue. This represents The University's continued pursuit of federal, state, local, and private funding for research-related activities.

The largest component of these revenues was from federal sources.

The largest sources of federal revenue were (in millions):

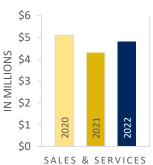


Agency	2	020	2	021	2	022
National Science Foundation	\$	4.5	\$	3.9	\$	4.4
Department of Education		3.2		3.8		0.3
Department of Health and Human Services		1.3		1.8		1.5
National Aeronautics and Space Administration		-		0.1		0.1
Other agencies		1.7		1.2		3.3
Total federal revenues	\$	10.7	\$	10.8	\$	9.6

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Operating revenues (continued)

Sales and services revenue is from certain operations, which provide services to both students and other departments within The University campus. During 2021 the most significant of these operations was the New Student Orientation Program, the Center for Fire and Hazmat and the Law Enforcement Training Center, which generated sales totaling \$0.4, \$0.3 and \$0.3 million, respectively. During 2022 sales increased by \$0.5 million due to increases in Printing Services and Continuing and Professional Education.



Auxiliary enterprises revenue is generated from operations which predominantly exist to furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff, or the general public. These types of activities are intended to be self-supporting in that the revenues generated are intended to cover the costs of providing the services.



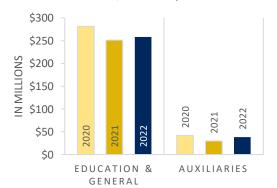
The University's auxiliary services include the residence halls, student unions, intercollegiate athletics and athletic facilities, parking services, E.J. Thomas Performing Arts Hall, and dining. The predominant revenues within this area are (in millions):

Auxiliary	2020	2021	2022
Residence halls	\$ 14.5	\$ 11.6	\$ 11.9
Athletics	5.8	3.5	8.2
Dining	0.9	1.4	1.2
Parking and transportation services	5.2	4.3	5.2
Other auxiliaries	3.3	1.0	3.1
Scholarship allowance	(5.3)	(5.3)	(6.5)
Total net auxiliary revenue	\$ 24.4	\$ 16.5	\$ 23.1

Operating expenses

One way to analyze expense is according to the purpose for which the costs are incurred, or their *functional* classification. These classifications help explain why an expense was incurred rather than what was purchased.

The educational and general expenses category is the single largest category of operating expenses and includes all academic and administrative support costs. In 2021, these expenses decreased by 10.8% due to eliminations of positions and decreased expenses during COVID-19. All functional categories were reduced except for Public Service that included COVID-19 supplies and equipment and Scholarship and fellowships which increased by \$.5 million and included \$7.1 million provided to students by the CARES Act. In 2022, these expenses increased by \$7.1 million as Scholarship and fellowships increased



by \$9.0 million and institutional support by \$2.8 million while instruction and department research and public service decreased by \$3.7 million and \$2.4 million, respectively.

Auxiliary enterprises expenses result from operations, which as previously noted, predominantly furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff, or the public. Auxiliary enterprise expenses decreased 27.7% during 2021 but increased 28.0% during 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Operating expenses (continued)

Another way to review expenses is according to the type of costs that are incurred, or their *natural* classification. These classifications tell what was purchased rather than why an expense was incurred.

Salaries and wages include expenses paid and owed to faculty, staff, and student employees. These expenses decreased 15.3% and 0.5% during 2021 and 2022, respectively, due to a decline in the total number of employees which was offset by any contractual wage increases.



Employee benefits include expenses paid to or on behalf of faculty, staff,

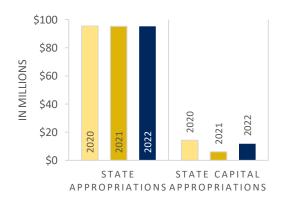
and student employees. It includes amounts required by law, contractual agreement, or institutional practice. These benefits include The University's portion of payroll taxes, pension, healthcare, and other employee-related benefit programs. During 2021 these expenses decreased by \$79.1 million. Changes in actuarial assumptions to the pension and OPEB plans attributed to \$35.6 million of the increase in 2020. Changes in actuarial assumptions to the pension and OPEB plans attributed to \$24.0 million of the decrease in 2021 as well as a \$48.3 million decrease due to the termination of the UA OPEB Plan. Pension and OPEB calculations were made according to GASB 68 and 75, respectively. For 2022, the impacts of negative expense for the pension and OPEB plans more than offset other benefits resulting in net expense of \$5.5 million.

Other operating expenses include items such as supplies, utilities, scholarships and fellowships, travel and other contractual services. These expenses decreased 12.4% and 6.3% during 2020 and 2021, respectively due to decreased expenses during the pandemic in supplies and services and travel. For 2022, expenses increased by 27% driven by increases in scholarships and fellowships of \$9.0 million, supplies and services of \$8.3 million, and travel and hospitality of \$4.7 million.



Generally, depreciation and amortization expense is predictable from year to year, considering items which become fully depreciated during the prior year and capital asset additions and deletions for the current year. Unlike many items that are expensed when purchased, The University capitalizes most long-term assets. The assets are then expensed over estimated useful lives ranging from three years for certain equipment to 40 years for buildings. Depreciation/amortization expense increased \$4.4 million during 2021 due to a \$6.1 million impairment expense to reduce Quaker Square book value to the current appraisal value. For 2022, depreciation/amortization expense decreased by \$9.0 million due to reduced amounts recorded for buildings.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses



State appropriations represent the most significant nonoperating revenue source for The University. State appropriations funding held steady for 2021 and 2022.

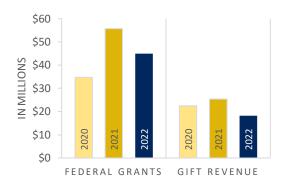
The State of Ohio also provides capital appropriations to The University. Unlike the operating resources reflected previously, these resources are provided to assist with The University's capital needs. The funding is provided through the Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE) and based upon certain formulas and a capital plan provided by The University. The capital appropriation, once allocated, is fixed but the revenues vary from year to year based upon The University's actual expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

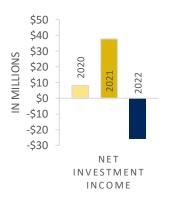
Nonoperating revenues and expenses (continued)

The University records Pell grant awards as nonoperating *federal grant* revenue. Federal grant revenue increased 60.4% during 2021 and increased 8.4% during 2022. The 2021 increase was due to \$13.2 million and \$35.5 million recognized from COVID-19 relief funds in 2020 and 2021, respectively. In 2022, COVID-19 relief funds recognized decreased to \$21.5 million.

The University receives *gifts and distributions* from a wide array of friends including alumni, the business community, and foundations. The University views continued donor support as integral to its continued success. Student scholarships, capital construction costs, and endowed positions are a result of our very generous contributors. Oftentimes, gifts and awards are accompanied by donor restrictions. The University maintains a system of internal controls to ensure the gifts are used solely in accordance with the grantor's requirements. Gift revenues increased by \$2.9 million during 2021 and increased by \$1.4 million during 2022.



Other net nonoperating revenues and expenses represent the remaining sources and uses of funds that generally do not result from providing educational and instructional services in connection with The University's principal ongoing operations including investment income and interest payments on debt.



Investment income, net of investment expenses, increased \$29.8 million during 2021 and decreased \$63.5 million during 2022. The changes were due to overall fluctuations in returns on all investments and the balances invested.

GASB requires investments to be reported at fair value for financial statement reporting purposes. Included in the change in net investment income was a net increase of \$4.4 million and \$24.0 million in 2020 and 2021, respectively, within net unrealized appreciation on investments because of market conditions as of fiscal year end. For 2022, the favorable trend of unrealized appreciation reversed into a net decrease of \$33.8 million. These changes in investments were not redeemed but were recorded as adjustment to the fair value of the investments.

Interest on debt includes the interest incurred during the fiscal year on all debt and leases less capitalized interest. Interest expense decreased \$1.9 million to \$15.5 million in 2021 and decreased \$1.5 million to \$14.0 million in 2022.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt Activity



The University uses state capital appropriations, internal resources including the proceeds from debt issuances, and gifts and other grants for capital asset expansion throughout the campus. During 2022, renovations in the consolidation of Crouse and Ayers Halls commenced. During 2021, renovations to the Buckingham Building and Bierce Library were completed as well as a roof replacement and air handler on Whitby Hall. The capital asset activity is reflected in more thorough detail within Note 5 of the financial statements.

The University's long-term debt principally consists of its general receipts bonds, which totaled

\$367.8 million, \$352.7 million, and \$350.7 million in 2020, 2021, and 2022, respectively. During 2022, The University issued bond series 2021 A & B to refinance the remaining portion of 2018 B and a significant portion of 2015 A. During 2020, The University issued bond series 2020 A to refinance the remaining portion 2012A and issued bond series 2019 A & B to refinance the remaining portion of 2010 A and 2011. The University's bond rating given by Moody's Investors Service in October 2021 was changed to A2 from A1 while the outlook continues to be stable. Fitch Ratings, Inc. revised the University's bond rating in November 2021 from A+ to A and has revised the outlook to stable from negative. The long-term debt activity is reflected in more thorough detail within Note 6 of the financial statements.



Factors Impacting Future Periods



of every revenue dollar comes from tuition or state support

Student tuition and fees and state appropriations are the principal revenue sources which supported The University's annual operations. For both 2021 and 2022, those revenue sources alone represented \$216.4 million and \$206.5 million, respectively, of The University's total operating and nonoperating revenues. The aggregate remaining operating and nonoperating revenues, excluding the change in the fair value of investments, totaled \$145.1 million and \$143.0 million in 2021 and 2022, respectively.

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted many areas of The University. The University is continuously working on plans to offset the loss of revenue during this time by utilization of Federal grants provided to The University under the CARES Act and decreasing expenses for supplies and services and travel. The University continues to budget to align its revenues with expenditures to offset additional enrollment declines. Items impacting 2022 include redesigning the scholarship program to increase enrollment and retention and evaluation of the campus footprint.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees The University of Akron

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of The University of Akron (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of University Pension Contributions, the Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset, the Schedule of University OPEB Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the University's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2022 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Columbus, Ohio December 2, 2022

The University of AkronStatements of Net Position
June 30, 2022 and 2021

	The Univers	sity of Akron	Compon	ent Units
ASSETS	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,871,527	\$ 13,999,863	\$ 10,055,875	\$ 4,521,980
Pooled investments	204,731,483	199,348,856	6,315,094	7,336,110
Accounts receivable, net	15,777,133	42,080,259	1,430,805	3,795,778
Pledges receivable, net	1,193,305	893,862	1,669,921	2,133,317
Notes receivable, net	817,243	948,910	220,884	-
Lease receivable, net	320,537	540,510	220,004	_
	•	202.020	-	_
Accrued interest receivable	397,500	393,820	-	-
Inventories	540,063	551,536		-
Prepaid expenses	1,106,936	921,412	178,676	183,014
Total current assets	235,755,727	259,138,518	19,871,255	17,970,199
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	265,399	503,193	_	-
Restricted investments	3,400,826	3,730,340	1,104,886	973,814
Endowment investments	73,556,014	85,416,686	217,016,683	235,427,593
Investments held in trust by others	7,321,661	7,597,043	217,010,003	233,427,333
•			10 210 022	7.000.014
Pledges receivable, net	1,143,862	1,707,074	10,319,033	7,960,014
Notes receivable, net	3,305,778	4,052,304	-	230,000
Lease receivable, net	2,498	-	-	-
Capital assets, net	612,048,191	634,146,252	3,935,351	4,294,757
Right-to-use assets, net	819,178	-	-	-
Net OPEB Asset	14,558,945	13,296,632	_	-
Total assets	952,178,079	1,009,588,042	252,247,208	266,856,377
Total assets	932,170,079	1,009,300,042	232,247,200	200,030,377
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on bond refundings	28,714,994	27,563,320	_	-
Deferred outflows related to pensions	35,932,431	35,096,585	_	_
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,702,302	8,541,211	_	_
			-	
Total deferred outflow of resources	69,349,727	71,201,116	-	-
IABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	4,740,730	3,600,133	2,759,192	1,800,755
Accrued liabilities	16,425,507	19,131,007	553,640	667,553
Accrued interest payable	7,321,661	7,597,042	-	-
Unearned income	10,800,583	30,556,350	96,780	134,616
Deposits	-	-	5,000	5,000
Current portion of long-term liabilities	21,782,339	15,928,446		98,952
Total current liabilities	61,070,820	76,812,978	3,414,612	2,706,876
Noncurrent liabilities:	/	,,.	-,,	_/ /
Refundable federal student loans	E 122 076	6 477 062		
	5,123,876	6,477,962	-	-
Actuarial liability for annuity/unitrust agreements			8,874,610	11,130,271
Net pension liability	106,199,641	240,203,037	-	-
Net OPEB liability	15,358,908	21,891,680	-	-
Long-term liabilities	363,189,928	378,925,248	2,158,073	2,181,690
Total liabilities	550,943,173	724,310,905	14,447,295	16,018,837
	222/2 .2/2.2	. = .,==,,===	= 1, 1 11 ,=22	,,
EFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	130,198,708	39,679,150	-	-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	44,684,925	48,212,413	-	-
Other deferred inflows	5,001,820	5,275,703	-	_
Total deferred inflow of resources	179,885,453	93,167,266		
Total deletted filliow of resources	179,000,400	93,107,200	_	
IET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	259,078,261	269,266,751	1,777,278	2,014,115
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable:				
Endowment	29,376,597	28,396,762	220,951,090	232,773,504
	25,570,557	20,330,702	220,551,050	232,773,304
Expendable:	42.546.667	12.004.764		
Research and gifts	43,516,667	42,894,764	-	-
Loans	842,282	926,254	-	-
Endowment	31,950,480	43,679,816	8,533,760	8,639,729
Capital projects	1,580,385	914,700	-	-
Debt service	504,719	241,834	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(76,150,211)	(123,009,894)	6,537,785	7,410,192
Total net position	\$ 290,699,180	\$ 263,310,987	\$ 237,799,913	\$ 250,837,540
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The University of Akron
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

REVENUES Operating revenues: Student tuition and fees Scholarship allowance Net student tuition and fees Federal grants and contracts	\$ 157,350,442 (46,400,409)	2021 \$ 166,912,988	2022	2021
Student tuition and fees Scholarship allowance Net student tuition and fees		\$ 166,912.988		
Scholarship allowance Net student tuition and fees		\$ 166,912.988		
Net student tuition and fees	(46,400,409)		\$ -	\$ -
Federal grants and contracts	110,950,033	121,298,189	-	-
	9,681,918	10,815,231	-	-
State grants and contracts	4,551,244	2,867,234	-	-
Local grants and contracts	(209,165)	167,063	-	-
Private grants and contracts	8,343,306	6,696,304	494,240	728,074
Gifts and contributions	-	-	16,398,775	12,007,159
Sales and services	4,753,596	4,276,657	-	-
Auxiliary enterprises	29,551,713	21,834,004	-	_
Scholarship allowance	(6,450,948)		-	-
Net auxiliary enterprises	23,100,765	16,555,345	-	-
Other sources	2,750,005	2,513,494	2,265,383	1,828,182
Total operating revenues	163,921,702	165,189,517	19,158,398	14,563,415
•	103,921,702	103,109,317	19,130,390	14,303,413
EXPENSES Operating expenses:				
Operating expenses: Educational and general:				
	0E EE4 904	00 220 000		
Instruction and departmental research Separately budgeted research	95,554,894	99,228,880	- 2,937,466	318,254
Public service	12,974,014	12,889,974	2,937,400	310,234
	10,208,378	12,576,985	-	-
Academic support Student services	27,336,709	26,641,964	-	-
Institutional support	11,652,354	11,692,859	1,068,183	1,019,529
Operation and maintenance of plant	42,374,033 18,621,653	39,622,816 18,043,573	1,000,103	1,019,329
Scholarships and fellowships	39,138,316	30,177,139	-	-
Auxiliary enterprises	38,180,412	29,943,932	-	_
Pension revenue	(44,319,684)			
OPEB revenue	(7,483,664)			
OPEB revenue UA plan	(7,403,004)	(48,260,554)	_	_
Depreciation/amortization	38,083,450	47,073,126	374,536	373,741
Total operating expenses	282,320,865	256,037,129	4,380,185	1,711,524
Operating (loss) income	(118,399,163)	(90,847,612)	14,778,213	12,851,891
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State appropriations	95,504,251	95,062,309	-	-
Federal grants	60,339,376	55,678,063	-	-
Gifts	5,204,365	3,766,014	<u>-</u>	
Investment income, net	(25,756,689)		(16,179,158)	50,475,509
Interest on debt	(14,039,217)		17,896	(47,637)
Distributions to The University	11,699,426	14,337,284	(11,699,426)	(14,337,284)
Distributions on behalf of The University	- (0.4 7.000)	-	(641,117)	(399,845)
Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues	(317,232)	363,985	685,965	204,674
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	132,634,280	191,441,476	(27,815,840)	35,895,417
(Loss) income before other changes	14,235,117	100,593,864	(13,037,627)	48,747,308
OTHER CHANGES				
State capital appropriations	11,821,792	6,088,037	-	-
Capital gifts and grants	1,076,962	5,805,702	-	-
Additions (reductions) to permanent endowments	254,322	1,398,980		
Total other changes	13,153,076	13,292,719		
(Decrease) increase in net position	27,388,193	113,886,583	(13,037,627)	48,747,308
NET POSITION				
Net position - beginning of year	263,310,987	149,424,404	250,837,540	202,090,232
Net position - end of year	\$ 290,699,180	\$ 263,310,987	\$ 237,799,913	\$ 250,837,540

The University of Akron Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and fees	\$ 109,680,664	\$ 120,733,325
Grants and contracts	30,018,855	16,760,514
Auxiliary enterprises	22,218,635	16,808,281
Sales and service of educational activities	4,753,596	4,276,657
Payments to suppliers	(72,243,126)	(54,778,892)
Payments for compensation and benefits	(185,626,905)	(197,804,902)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(39,446,457)	(30,446,240)
Loans issued to students	(65,651)	(67,373)
Collection of loans to students	130,117	145,729
Other receipts	1,518,557	951,815
Net cash used in operating activities	(129,061,715)	(123,421,086)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations	95,504,251	95,062,309
Gifts, grants, and contracts for other than capital purposes	77,312,148	62,582,588
Private gifts for endowment purposes	397,335	957,947
Collection of loans to students for Perkins Program	813,728	1,150,010
Other (payments) receipts	(317,232)	363,985
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	173,710,230	160,116,839
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from capital debt	228,643	-
Capital appropriations	11,821,792	6,088,037
Capital grants and gifts received	1,128,735	6,349,605
Purchases of capital assets	(17,118,951)	(10,998,497)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(11,801,331)	(15,358,384)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(14,358,572)	(15,705,667)
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(30,099,684)	(29,624,906)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	158,113,585	152,751,105
Interest on investments	7,875,280	13,638,858
Purchase of investments	(183,903,827)	(172,150,554)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(17,914,962)	(5,760,591)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,366,131)	1,310,256
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	14,503,056	13,192,800
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 11,136,925	\$ 14,503,056
cush and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents — end of the year	Ψ 11,130,323	Ψ 14,303,030
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		
Proceeds from capital debt paid directly by bank included in Note 6	38,041,733	-
Repayment of capital debt paid directly by bank included in Note 6	(37,813,090)	-
		(continued)

The University of Akron Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		 2021	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO		_		
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating loss	\$	(118,399,163)	\$ (90,847,612)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		38,083,450	47,073,126	
Changes in assets, and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows:				
Accounts receivable, net		26,303,127	(298,708)	
Notes receivable, net		64,466	78,356	
Inventories		11,473	31,439	
Prepaid expenses		(185,525)	78,994	
Net OPEB asset		(1,262,313)	(2,338,632)	
Accounts payable		765,314	1,066,853	
Accrued liabilities		(2,705,500)	(5,098,247)	
Unearned income		(19,755,768)	(1,434,260)	
Deposits held for others		=	(511,192)	
Sick leave liability		45,489	367,751	
Net pension liability		(134,003,396)	(5,217,177)	
Net OPEB liability		(6,532,772)	(75,773,259)	
Deferred inflows / outflows relating to pension		89,683,712	(1,673,420)	
Deferred inflows / outflows relating to OPEB		311,421	13,148,369	
Changes in lease payable, receivable and deferred inflows		(131,644)	-	
Refundable federal student loans		(1,354,086)	 (2,073,467)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(129,061,715)	\$ (123,421,086)	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

Organization

The University of Akron (The University) is a coeducational, degree granting state university which was established by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio (the State) in 1967 by statutory act under Chapter 3359 of the Revised Code of the State of Ohio. As such, it is a component unit of the State and is included as a discretely presented entity in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The University offers degrees at the undergraduate, masters, and doctoral levels. The University is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code, except for unrelated business income.

In addition to the main campus, The University operates a branch campus, Wayne College in Orrville, Ohio, and an additional location at the Medina County University Center in Medina, Ohio.

The University, together with Kent State University and Youngstown State University, created a consortium to establish and govern Northeastern Educational Television of Ohio, Inc. (NETO), Channels 45 and 49, Kent, Ohio. This organization is legally separate from The University and has no voting majority from The University. Accordingly, the financial activity is not included within the accompanying financial statements and The University bears no financial benefit or burden for the organization.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, The University's basic financial statements are included as a discretely presented component unit within the State of Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Transactions with the State relate primarily to appropriations, grants from various state agencies, and payments to state retirement programs for certain university employees.

Furthermore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, two discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column on The University's basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from The University. The University of Akron Foundation (Foundation) and The University of Akron Research Foundation (Research Foundation) are not-for-profit organizations that are financially accountable to The University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to The University in support of its programs. The Research Foundation promotes, encourages, and assists the research activities of The University. Financial statements for the Foundation may be obtained by writing to The University of Akron Foundation, 302 Buchtel Common, Akron, Ohio 44325-6220. Financial statements for the Research Foundation may be obtained by writing to The University of Akron Research Foundation, Goodyear Polymer Center, 170 University Circle, Akron, Ohio 44325-2130. Activity of these component units is described in greater detail in Note 10.

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of The University have been prepared on the accrual basis whereby all revenues are recorded when earned and all expenses are recorded when they have been reduced to a legal or contractual obligation to pay.

Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements of The University have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board including Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities (an amendment of GASB No. 34). The presentation required by GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 35 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of The University's assets, liabilities, deferred outflow of resources, deferred inflow of resources, net position, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies - continued

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing educational and instructional services in connection with The University's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues include student tuition. The University also recognizes operating revenue grants classified as exchange transactions and auxiliary activities. Operating expenses include educational costs, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets and lease assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, including state share of instruction, are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Foundation and the Research Foundation are not-for-profit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) reporting standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentations. Except for necessary presentation adjustments, no modifications have been made to the Foundation's or the Research Foundation's financial information in The University's financial report for these differences.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The University does not invest in derivatives. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are recorded as nonoperating revenues or expenses on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Investments for bond issue proceeds and the income earned on those investments are separately managed and recorded on the Statements of Net Position as restricted investments in noncurrent assets.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are for transactions relating to tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprise sales, grants and contracts, and miscellaneous sales and services. Accounts receivable are recorded net of contractual allowances and allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Pledges Receivable

The University records pledges and unconditional promises to give as receivables and revenues in the year the pledge is made. Those that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of its estimated future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are made. Amortization of the discounts is included in gift revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as revenues until the conditions are substantially met.

Leases Receivable

The University leases certain building space to various third parties. Payments are generally fixed monthly with certain variable payments not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies - continued

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market (net realizable value) using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if acquired by gift, at acquisition value at the date of gift. The University's capitalization threshold is \$100,000 for building renovations and \$5,000 for other capitalized items. Infrastructure assets are included in the basic financial statements and are depreciated. Expenses for construction in progress are capitalized as incurred and depreciated when put into service. Historical collections, including assets that are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, which are protected and preserved, are not depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method, half-year convention, over the estimated useful life of the asset. When capital assets are sold, or otherwise disposed of, the carrying value of such assets and any accumulated depreciation are removed from the asset accounts and any gain or loss on disposal is recognized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital asset or materially extend the capital asset's life are expensed. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Classification	Estimated Life
Land improvements	25 years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Equipment and furniture	3 to 10 years
Library books	10 years

Right-to-use Assets

The right-of-use asset is The University's right to use an asset over the life of a lease. The asset is calculated as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, minus any lease incentives received. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its useful life or the remaining lease term.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The University reports deferred outflows of resources for the unamortized portion of the loss on bond refundings and certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as changes in expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date. More detailed information can be found in Note 8.

Unearned Income

Unearned income includes tuition and fees relating to summer sessions conducted in July and August. Unearned income also includes amounts received in advance from grant and contract sponsors or other deposits that have yet to be earned under the terms of the agreements. The amounts which are unearned are recognized as revenue when earned.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The University reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as the difference between projected and actual earnings of the plan's investments and revenue for lessor leases that will be recognized over the life of the lease term. More detailed information can be found in Note 8.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies - continued

Compensated Absences

Staff employees earn vacation at rates specified under state law and upon termination are entitled to a maximum payout of the amount earned in the last three years. Full-time administrators and 12-month faculty earn vacation leave at a rate of 22 days per year, which can be carried over to a maximum accumulation of 44 days. The maximum payable upon termination of employment for these employees is 22 days. The University accrued a vacation liability equal to the number of days accrued by each eligible employee up to the maximum payable upon termination by the respective employee group.

All University employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to 10 hours each month (earned on a pro-rata basis for less than full-time employees). Sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee, with 10 or more years of service upon retirement, is limited to one-quarter of the accumulated sick leave with a maximum of 240 hours.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio/School Employees Retirement System of Ohio/Ohio Public Employees Retirement System) Pension Plans (STRS/SERS/OPERS) and additions to/deductions from STRS'/SERS'/OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as reported by STRS/SERS/OPERS. STRS/SERS/OPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio/School Employees Retirement System of Ohio/Ohio Public Employees Retirement System) Pension Plans (STRS/SERS/OPERS) and additions to/deductions from STRS'/SERS'/OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS/SERS/OPERS. STRS/SERS/OPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, STRS/SERS/OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position is classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of The University's obligations. Net investment in capital assets represent all of The University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Nonexpendable restricted net position is gifts that have been received for endowment purposes. The resources are invested with only the investment income and appreciation available for purposes established by the donor or, in the case of funds functioning as endowment, by The University. These purposes include loans, scholarships, and departmental support. Expendable restricted net position represents funds that have been awarded or gifted for specific purposes, funds used for capital projects and debt service, and funds held in university loan programs. If restricted and unrestricted assets are available for use, restricted assets will be used first.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies - continued

Scholarship Allowances and Student Aid

Financial aid to students is reported under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid such as loans, funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, and Federal Direct Lending is accounted for as a third-party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected as operating expenses, or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of a refund. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to the student in the form of reduced tuition. Under the alternative method followed by The University, scholarship allowances are computed by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of using aid not considered to be third-party aid to total aid.

Endowment and Quasi-Endowments

The University's Board of Trustees established an investment policy with the objectives of protecting principal and maximizing total investment return without assuming extraordinary risks. It is the goal of The University to provide spendable income levels that are reasonably stable and sufficient to meet budgetary requirements and to maintain a spending rate, currently established at 4.75%, which ensures a proper balance between the preservation of corpus and enhancement of the purchasing power of investment earnings.

Service Organization

The University processes certain Lorain County Community College (LCCC) data on equipment and applications which are owned by The University or licensed to The University. Additionally, certain LCCC data is also stored on university equipment. The data processing functions are performed and managed by university employees. As such, The University is a service organization as prescribed by Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) No. 16, while LCCC is a user organization. Revenue from this agreement is recorded as sales and services revenue on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of a contract. Leases will be considered as financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of this statement, originally effective for The University's basic financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020, were extended to June 30, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95 *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. For the year ended June 30, 2022 The University recognized Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflows of Resources as a Lessor and a Lease Right to Use Asset and Lease Liability as a Lessee. The impact of this change to net position at June 30, 2022 was not material.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which clarifies the existing definition of conduit debt, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers, and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. As a result, issuers should not recognize a liability for items meeting the definition of conduit debt; however, a liability should be recorded for additional or voluntary commitments to support debt service if certain recognition criteria are met. The standard also addresses the treatment of arrangements where capital assets are constructed or acquired with the proceeds of a conduit debt obligation and used by a third-party obligor. The University is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the basic financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement, originally effective for The University's basic financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022, were extended to June 30, 2023 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies - continued

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements - continued

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, to bring a uniform guidance on how to report public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. As a result, transferors in public-private or public-public arrangements will recognized receivables for installment payments, deferred inflows of resources, and when applicable, capital assets. Operators will recognize liabilities for installment payments and intangible right-to-use assets, and when applicable, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities for assets being transferred. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements, in which a government compensates an operator for services such as designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The University is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the basic financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for The University's basic financial statements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), which defines SBITAs and provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. This standard requires a government to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset for SBITAs. The University is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the basic financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for The University's basic financial statements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

In April 2022, the GASB issue Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, which enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement that are effective as follows: The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal year ending after June 30, 2024.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this Statement for changes in accounting principles apply to the implementation of a new pronouncement in absence of specific transition provisions in the new pronouncement. This Statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for The University's basic financial statements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The provisions of this statement are effective for The University's basic financial statements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash and Investments

Cash

At June 30, 2022 and 2021 the carrying amounts of The University's bank deposits and interest-bearing cash equivalents were \$11,136,926 and \$14,503,056, respectively, as compared to bank balances of \$12,698,203 and \$16,027,960, respectively. The differences between carrying amounts and bank balances were caused by items in transit. Of the June 30, 2022 and 2021 bank balances, \$12,086,941 and \$15,360,372, respectively, were uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the depository banks in The University's name.

Investments

In accordance with University policies the types of investments which may be purchased include United States government securities, federal agency securities, common and preferred stocks, obligations of commercial banks including certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, notes, debentures, banker's acceptances and commercial paper, obligations of corporations, and municipal notes and bonds.

University policy requires that depository banks pledge collateral for funds on deposit, including certificates of deposit, with a market value at all times at least equal to the uninsured amount of the deposit or instrument.

The University's investments, at June 30, 2022 are and 2021 summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Pooled investments:		
Money Market	\$ 1,932,817	\$ 1,734,063
Commercial Paper	9,873,850	-
U.S. agencies	17,915,110	24,308,993
U.S. Treasury	49,354,936	43,744,909
U.S. and corporate bonds	13,971,767	15,661,382
Corporate notes	28,342,871	29,681,443
Equities	38,616,904	47,951,998
Investments equity	200,405	51,005
Negotiable certificates of deposit	-	2,718,875
Mutual funds - alternative investments	12,992,787	13,440,428
PFM: Prime/Government Series	31,530,037	20,055,760
Total pooled investments	204,731,483	199,348,856
Endowment investments:		
Marketable securities:	1 202 052	1 100 011
Money Market	1,392,052	1,166,011
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,039,842	2,711,767
US & Corporate Bonds and Notes	127,351	2 012 574
U.S. Treasury Equities	2,767,672	3,812,574
Investments equity	8,299,934 32,467,324	10,952,938 40,846,698
Managed Fixed Income	168,478	40,040,090
Real estate	772,479	- 157,079
Hedge funds - alternative investments	25,520,882	25,769,619
Total endowment investments	73,556,014	85,416,686
Investments held in trust by others:		
Money Market	576,795	624,406
U.S. Treasury	6,744,866	6,972,637
Total investments held in trust by others	7,321,661	7,597,043
Restricted investments:		
U.S. Treasury	3,400,826	3,730,340
Total restricted investments	3,400,826	3,730,340
Total investments	\$ 289,009,983	\$ 296,092,925

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash and Investments - continued

Investments - continued

The GASB requires certain disclosures related to interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position.

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Credit risk exists when there is a possibility that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, aside from obligations of the U.S. Government, The University did not have more than 5% of its fixed-income investments in any single issuer. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates can adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University did not have investments that are subject to foreign currency risk in its fixed income portfolio. To limit exposure to these risks, The University's investment policies set guidelines for maturities based on investment type (short-term, intermediate, or long-term), limits percentage exposure to a single issuer or market, and requires that a majority of the holdings consist of domestic (U.S.) securities of investment grade (at least rated BBB or BAA) as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The U.S. Treasury and agencies securities and corporate bonds were invested through banks that keep the securities in their names in safekeeping accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank.

The credit ratings and maturities of The University's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Rating		Invest	ment maturity (in years)	
Investment	(S&P)	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10	Totals
PFM: Prime/Government Series	AAA	\$ 30,527,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,002,524	\$ 31,530,037
U.S. agencies	AAA	3,582,494	7,812,177	3,997,678	2,522,760	17,915,110
U.S. Treasury	AA	9,694,340	32,921,746	9,256,805	10,395,409	62,268,300
Corporate notes	AAA	318,048	3,952,953	-	-	4,271,001
	AA	-	2,956,050	92,086	625,625	3,673,761
	Α	797,013	16,776,392	431,785	2,392,919	20,398,109
Total corporate notes		1,115,061	23,685,395	523,871	3,018,544	28,342,871
U.S. and corporate bonds	AAA	4,149,018	-	-	-	4,149,018
	AA	309,723	-	-	-	309,723
	Α	1,122,173	-	-	-	1,122,173
	BBB	2,550,180	-	-	-	2,550,180
	BB	1,258,106	-	-	-	1,258,106
	В	1,555,671	-	-	-	1,555,671
	Below B	449,393				449,393
Total U.S. and corporate bonds		11,394,264				11,394,264
Totals		\$ 56,313,672	\$ 64,419,318	\$ 13,778,354	\$ 16,939,238	\$ 151,450,582

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash and Investments - continued

Investments - continued

The credit ratings and maturities of The University's interest-bearing investments at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Rating		Invest	ment maturity (in years)	
Investment	(S&P)	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10	Totals
PFM: Prime/Government Series	AAA	\$ 20,055,760	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,055,760
U.S. agencies	AAA	-	15,241,446	4,542,516	4,525,031	24,308,993
U.S. Treasury	AA	4,783,634	33,453,150	10,086,852	9,936,824	58,260,460
Negotiable CDs	Α	-	2,718,875	-	-	2,718,875
Corporate notes	AAA	-	2,428,035	440,732	-	2,868,767
	AA	-	4,442,976	453,338	797,465	5,693,779
	Α	426,558	15,909,506	2,746,130	2,036,702	21,118,896
Total corporate notes		426,558	22,780,517	3,640,200	2,834,167	29,681,442
U.S. and corporate bonds	AAA	4,568,212	-	-	-	4,568,212
	AA	339,112	-	-	-	339,112
	Α	1,222,504	-	-	-	1,222,504
	BBB	2,780,460	-	-	-	2,780,460
	BB	1,362,416	-	-	-	1,362,416
	В	1,751,097	-	-	-	1,751,097
	Below B	488,802				488,802
Total U.S. and corporate bonds		12,512,603				12,512,603
Totals		\$ 37,778,555	\$ 74,193,988	\$ 18,269,568	\$ 17,296,022	\$ 147,538,133

Unrated investments are not included in the tables above. Of the total unrated investments of \$137,559,401 and \$148,554,792, \$2,704,854 and \$3,148,780 are U.S. and corporate bonds, for years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Unrated investments also include money market accounts, commercial paper sweeps, equities, and managed fixed income and mutual funds.

The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The University's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of U.S. agencies, corporate notes and bonds, and negotiable certificates of deposits at June 30, 2022 and 2021 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The University estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Cash and Investments - continued

Investments - continued

Equity funds, fixed income funds and hedge funds including mainly private capital investments have observable inputs and market activity that allow for pricing based on the underlying market prices of the items in the fund adjusted for information developed by management for historical and current performance of the underlying funds, liquidity and credit premiums required by a market participant and financial trend analysis with respect to the overall fund compared to benchmark performance ratios. These funds include six separate funds with one manager that have strategies that include long-term appreciation of principal, hedging current market fluctuations for current income, achieving superior risk-adjusted total returns, and generating event driven returns. The fair values of the investments in these categories have been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. The University has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

		Fair Val	ue Measurements	Using	
	Balance at June 30, 2022	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments valued using Net Asset Value (NAV) per share
Investments by fair value level:					
U.S. agencies	\$ 17,915,110	\$ -	\$ 17,915,110	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Treasury	55,523,434	55,523,434	-	-	-
U.S. and corporate bonds	14,099,118	14,099,118	-	-	-
Money market mutual funds	2,039,842	2,039,842	-	-	-
Corporate notes	28,342,871	-	28,342,871	-	-
Equities	46,916,838	46,916,838	-	-	-
Equity funds	32,667,729	200,405	-	-	32,467,324
Hedge funds	25,520,882	-	-	-	25,520,882
Negotiable certificates of deposit	-	-	-	-	-
Mutual funds - alternative investments	12,992,787	12,992,787	-	-	-
Realestate	772,479	-	-	-	772,479
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 236,791,090	\$ 131,772,424	\$ 46,257,980	\$ -	\$ 58,760,685

The University has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

				lue N	leasurements l	Using			
	Balance at June 30, 2021	Act	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		nvestments alued using It Asset Value AV) per share
Investments by fair value level:									
U.S. agencies	\$ 24,308,993	\$	-	\$	24,308,993	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury	51,287,823		51,287,823		-		-		-
U.S. and corporate bonds	15,661,382		15,661,382		-		-		-
Money market mutual funds	2,711,767		2,711,767		-		-		-
Corporate notes	29,681,443		-		29,681,443		-		-
Equities	58,904,936		58,904,936		-		-		-
Equity funds	40,897,703		51,005		-		-		40,846,698
Hedge funds	25,769,619		-		-		-		25,769,619
Negotiable certificates of deposit	2,718,875		-		2,718,875		-		-
Mutual funds - alternative investments	13,440,428		13,440,428		-		-		-
Real estate	157,079		-		-		-		157,079
Total investments by fair value level	\$265,540,048	\$	142,057,341	\$	56,709,311	\$	-	\$	66,773,396

Investments reported at cost totaling \$52,218,893 and \$30,552,877 for years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are not included in the tables above. These investments include cash in prime/government series and money market accounts, and bond proceeds held in trust.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

3. Accounts and Notes Receivable

Accounts and notes receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	2022	2021
Accounts receivable, net:		
Federal, state, and local governments, foundations, and companies, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0 for both years	\$ 8,618,039	\$ 35,012,565
Student receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$31,723,166 and \$32,783,108, respectively	7,248,821	6,948,013
Other, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$62,477 and \$61,402, respectively	(89,727)	119,681
Total accounts receivable, net	15,777,133	42,080,259
Notes receivable, net: Student notes receivables, net of allowance for doubtful		
notes of \$1,718,381 and \$1,716,311, respectively	4,123,021	5,001,214
Accounts and notes receivable, net	\$ 19,900,154	\$ 47,081,473

4. Pledges Receivable

Unconditional promises to give to The University recorded as pledges receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	202	22	20	21
	Pledges Receivable	Current Portion	Pledges Receivable	Current Portion
Total pledges receivable Less: amount estimated to be uncollectible Less: unamortized discount	\$2,375,470 (5,389) (32,914)	\$1,196,056 (2,751)	\$2,676,370 (30,061) (45,373)	\$ 904,193 (10,331)
Pledges receivable, net	2,337,167	\$1,193,305	2,600,936	\$ 893,862
Less: current portion	(1,193,305)		(893,862)	
Pledges receivable, noncurrent portion	\$1,143,862		\$1,707,074	

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University has \$3,501,619 and \$3,634,953, respectively, in numerous conditional pledges, which are considered to be intentions to give and are contingent upon future events. These pledges are not recorded as pledges receivable since each does not represent unconditional promises to give.

5. Capital and Lease Assets

For the year ended June 30, 2022, included in depreciation expense of \$38,083,450 is \$30,969 from the disposal of obsolete equipment and adjustments to capital assets.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, included in depreciation expense of \$47,073,126 is an impairment loss of \$6,104,316 to adjust Quaker Square book value down to the appraisal value, a loss of \$489,063 related to Crouse and Ayer Hall and \$48,486 from the disposal of obsolete equipment and adjustments to capital assets. During fiscal year 2021, The University received \$4 million in insurance proceeds for the Ballet Center. This is classified as nonoperating income and is included in Capital gifts and grants on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

5. Capital and Lease Assets - continued

Changes in capital assets during fiscal years 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Nondepreciable capital assets: Land Historical collections Construction in progress	\$ 44,167,536 5,200,652 2,094,749	\$ - 651,800 13,444,260	\$ (308,262) (12,800)	\$ 150,000 - (2,185,565)	\$ 44,009,274 5,839,652 13,353,444
Total nondepreciable capital assets	51,462,937	14,096,060	(321,062)	(2,035,565)	63,202,370
Depreciable capital assets: Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Equipment, furniture, and books	37,302,967 1,015,716,957 102,008,187 121,967,538	- - - 1,940,703	(1,157,782) (912,932) - (8,086,015)	79,101 1,601,838 354,626	36,224,286 1,016,405,863 102,362,813 115,822,226
Total depreciable capital assets	1,276,995,649	1,940,703	(10,156,729)	2,035,565	1,270,815,188
Total capital assets	1,328,458,586	16,036,763	(10,477,791)	-	1,334,017,558
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Equipment, furniture, and books Total accumulated depreciation	20,806,914 517,782,237 45,762,237 109,960,946 694,312,334	1,460,114 25,898,203 5,920,077 4,448,118 37,726,512	(1,157,782) (912,932) - (7,998,765) (10,069,479)	- - - - -	21,109,246 542,767,508 51,682,314 106,410,299 721,969,367
Capital assets, net	\$ 634,146,252	\$ (21,689,749)	\$ (408,312)	\$ -	\$ 612,048,191
	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021
Nondepreciable capital assets: Land Historical collections Construction in progress Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 44,739,977 5,200,652 5,825,991	\$ - - 7,639,154	\$ (572,441) - -	(11,370,396)	\$ 44,167,536 5,200,652 2,094,749
Land Historical collections	\$ 44,739,977 5,200,652	\$ -		-	\$ 44,167,536 5,200,652
Land Historical collections Construction in progress Total nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Equipment, furniture, and books Total depreciable capital assets	\$ 44,739,977 5,200,652 5,825,991 55,766,620 36,092,996 1,016,169,661 98,577,273 123,966,845 1,274,806,775	\$ - 7,639,154 7,639,154 - - 2,830,398 2,830,398	\$ (572,441) - (572,441) (790,828) (6,391,387) - (4,829,705) (12,011,920)	(11,370,396) (11,370,396) (2,000,799 5,938,683 3,430,914	\$ 44,167,536 5,200,652 2,094,749 51,462,937 37,302,967 1,015,716,957 102,008,187 121,967,538 1,276,995,649

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

5. Capital and Lease Assets - continued

The University leases certain assets from various third parties. The assets leased include vehicles, copier equipment, an FM radio antenna, and buildings in Lakewood, Ohio and at the Bath Nature Preserve. Payments are generally fixed monthly. Certain variable payments for the Bath Nature Preserve are not included in the measurement of the lease liability required due to the lease payment increase being tied to an annual CPI index. The vehicle leases contain residual value guarantees, which total approximately \$205,899 and are based on stated lease contract values. Changes in right-to-use assets during fiscal years 2022 were as follows:

	Bala	ance					Balance		
	July 1	, 2021	Ac	dditions	Reductions		June 30, 2022		
Lease asset class:									
Equipment	\$	-	\$	341,436	\$	-	\$	341,436	
Buildings		-		665,903		-		665,903	
Vehicles		-		170,861		-		170,861	
Infrastructure				28,160				28,160	
Total lease assets		-		1,206,360		-		1,206,360	
Less accumulated amortization:									
Equipment		-		135,745		-		135,745	
Buildings		-		139,752		-		139,752	
Vehicles		-		108,797		-		108,797	
Infrastructure		_		2,888		_		2,888	
Total accumulated amortization		_		387,182				387,182	
Right-to-use assets, net	\$	-	\$	819,178	\$		\$	819,178	

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to The University's lease liability at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year:	Principal	Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 194,385	\$ 10,006	\$ 204,391
2024	146,595	8,807	155,402
2025	142,918	7,696	150,614
2026	14,445	6,873	21,318
2027	15,139	6,586	21,725
2028-2032	86,909	28,127	115,036
2033-2037	107,873	18,686	126,559
2038-2042	126,952	7,130	134,082
2043-2044	6,919	23	6,942
Totals	\$ 842,135	\$ 93,934	\$ 936,069

6. Long-term Liabilities

In November 2021, The University issued \$13.3 million Series 2021A General Receipts Bonds and \$20.5 million 2021B Taxable General Receipts Bonds, with a combined average coupon rate of 3.51% with payments for 2021A through 2042 and payments for 2021B through 2033. The proceeds of Series 2021A bonds were used to refund \$16.1 million of The Universities outstanding General Receipts Bonds 2018B and pay issuance costs. The proceeds of Series 2021B bonds were used to refund \$17.8 million of The Universities outstanding General Receipts Bonds Series 2015A and pay issuance costs. The result of issuing Series 2021 Bonds advance refunded the Series 2018B bonds for savings and restructured a portion of the Series 2015A outstanding bond principal payments for fiscal years ending June 30, 2024 – June 30, 2026 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1.8 million.

In April 2020, The University issued \$12.3 million of General Receipts Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A with a coupon rate of 1.68% with payments through 2027. The proceeds of the Series 2020A Bonds were used to refund \$12.3 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2012A and generate interest savings of \$.7 million over the life of the bonds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Long-term Liabilities - continued

In November 2019, The University issued \$59.5 million Series 2019A General Receipts Refunding Bonds and \$12.0 million Series 2019B Taxable General Receipts Refunding Bonds, with a combined average coupon rate of 4.22% with payments for 2019A through 2030 and payments for 2019B through 2038. The proceeds of Series 2019A bonds were used to refund \$69.4 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds Series 2010A and pay issuance costs. The proceeds of Series 2019B bonds were used to refund \$11.5 million Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 and pay issuance costs. The result of issuing Series 2019 Bonds reduced debt service payments by \$14.3 million and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$13.6 million.

In August 2018, The University issued \$14.9 million Series 2018A General Receipts Refunding Bonds and \$16.1 million Series 2018B Taxable General Receipts Refunding Bonds, with a combined average coupon rate of 4.68% with payments for 2018A through 2042 and payments for 2018B through 2033. The proceeds of Series 2018A bonds were used to refund \$12.2 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds Series 2012A, reimburse \$4.6 million toward certain real property purchased by The University of Akron Foundation for the benefit of The University of Akron, and pay issuance costs. The proceeds of Series 2018B bonds were used to refund \$15.5 million of The Universities outstanding General Receipts Bonds Series 2010A and pay issuance costs. The result of issuing Series 2018 Bonds will increase cash flows an average of \$5.0 million for each of the first five years and increased debt service payments by \$16.1 million and resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2.9 million. In November 2021 Bond Series 2018B was refunded with General Receipts Bond Series 2021A for additional interest savings.

In May 2016, The University issued \$93.9 million of General Receipts Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A with an average coupon rate of 4.75% with payments through 2042. The proceeds of the Series 2016A Bonds were used to refund \$28.3 million, \$51.8 million and \$18.6 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2008A, 2008B and Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, respectively, to pay issuance costs and generate interest savings of \$11.4 million over the life of the bonds.

In December 2015, The University issued \$10.5 million of General Receipts Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B with a coupon rate of 1.73% with payments through 2022. The proceeds of the Series 2015B Bonds were used to refund \$10.2 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2005, to pay issuance costs and generate interest savings of \$734,000 over the life of the bonds.

In May 2015, The University issued \$99.1 million of General Receipts Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A with an average coupon rate of 4.76% with payments through 2032 and generating a net premium of \$14.9 million. The proceeds of the Series 2015A bonds were used to refund \$48.7 million and \$51.4 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2008A & 2008B, respectively, to pay issuance costs and generate interest savings of \$7.2 million over the life of the bonds.

In August 2014, The University issued \$29.6 million of General Receipts Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A with an average coupon rate of 4.57% with payments through 2035 and generating a net premium of \$2.3 million. The proceeds of the Series 2014A Bonds were used to refund \$14.9 million and \$16.5 million of The University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2003A & 2004B, respectively, to pay issuance costs and generate interest savings of \$2.3 million over the life of the bonds.

In September 2013, The University entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority (OAQDA) to fund the Campus-Wide Energy Efficiency and Conservation Project which completed conservation measures for many University buildings. OAQDA issued \$44.6 million of Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A and \$15.0 million of federally taxable Tax Credit Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B. The Series 2013A bonds will have annual principal payments until final maturity on January 1, 2026, with an interest rate of 2.48%. The Series 2013B bonds will have semiannual interest payments, with an interest rate of 4.99%, and the principal will be due at maturity on January 1, 2029.

The Series 2013B Bonds are Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds eligible for a 70 percent federal rebate based on the Qualified Tax Credit Rate as of the bond sale date (4.99 percent). The benefit of the rebate has been assigned to The University. The rebates received for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$263,809 and \$530,605, respectively. The rebates were reported as other nonoperating revenues and do not reduce the amount reported as interest expense for the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Long-term Liabilities – continued

Changes in long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

changes in long term habilities de	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion
Bonds payable:	, ,				
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2014A, 2.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2035	26,315,000	-	-	26,315,000	-
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2015A, 1.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2032	81,675,000	-	(23,580,000)	58,095,000	6,105,000
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2015B, 2.1%,					
due serially through 2022	1,695,000	-	(1,695,000)	-	-
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2016A, 2.0% to 5.0%,	00 74 5 000			00 745 000	
due serially through 2042	90,715,000	-	-	90,715,000	660,000
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2018A, 5.0%,	14 025 000			14 025 000	
due serially through 2042	14,935,000	-	-	14,935,000	-
Taxable general receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2018B, 4.149% to 4.299%, due serially through 2033	16,085,000	_	(16,085,000)	_	_
General receipts refunding bonds -	10,065,000	-	(10,065,000)	_	_
Series 2019A, 4.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2030	56,645,000	-	-	56,645,000	4,450,000
Taxable general receipts refunding bonds -	30,013,000			30,013,000	1, 150,000
Series 2019B, 1.976% to 3.145%,					
due serially through 2038	11,095,000	-	-	11,095,000	-
General receipts refunding bonds -	,,			,,	
Series 2020A, 1.68%,					
due serially through 2027	12,290,000	-	-	12,290,000	1,470,000
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2021A, 5.0%,					
due serially through 2033	-	13,255,000	-	13,255,000	-
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2021B, 1.77% to 3.058%,					
due serially through 2042	-	20,500,000	-	20,500,000	-
Direct Placement:					
Ohio Air Quality Development Authority:					
Tax exempt revenue bonds -					
Series 2013A, 2.48%					
due serially through 2026	20,173,837	-	(3,839,544)	16,334,293	3,934,765
Tax credit revenue bonds -	45.000.000			15.000.000	
Series 2013B, 4.99%, due 2029	15,000,000			15,000,000	
Total bonds payable	346,623,837	33,755,000	(45,199,544)	335,179,293	16,619,765
Bond premiums:					
Series 2014A	1,501,728	-	(107,267)	1,394,461	107,266
Series 2015A	8,861,738	-	(824,347)	8,037,391	824,348
Series 2016A	12,925,975	-	(615,523)	12,310,452	615,522
Series 2018A	1,797,645	-	(85,602)	1,712,043	85,603
Series 2019A	8,647,692	-	(1,017,376)	7,630,316	1,017,375
Series 2021A	-	4,286,733	(194,851)	4,091,882	389,703
Total bond premiums	33,734,778	4,286,733	(2,844,966)	35,176,545	3,039,817
Innovation Generation Scholarships	9,284,540	-	(446,373)	8,838,167	451,009
Leases payable	23,210	830,223	(11,298)	842,135	194,385
UA Line of Credit with Foundation	230,000	-	(9,116)	220,884	220,884
Sick leave liability	4,669,754	45,489	-	4,715,243	1,256,479
Voluntary Retirement Incentive Plan	287,575	<u> </u>	(287,575)		
Totals	\$ 394,853,694	\$ 38,917,445	\$ (48,798,872)	384,972,267	\$ 21,782,339
Less: current portion				(21,782,339)	
•				\$ 363,189,928	
Long-term liabilities				÷ 303,103,320	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Long-term Liabilities - continued

Changes in long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Current Portion
Bonds payable:	1				
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2014A, 2.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2035	26,315,000	-	-	26,315,000	-
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2015A, 1.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2032	87,210,000	-	(5,535,000)	81,675,000	5,800,000
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2015B, 2.1%,					
due serially through 2022	3,355,000	-	(1,660,000)	1,695,000	1,695,000
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2016A, 2.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2042	90,715,000	-	-	90,715,000	-
General receipts refunding bonds -					
Series 2018A, 5.0%,					
due serially through 2042	14,935,000	-	-	14,935,000	-
Taxable general receipts refunding bonds -	, ,				
Series 2018B, 4.149% to 4.299%,					
due serially through 2033	16,085,000	_	-	16,085,000	_
General receipts refunding bonds -	20,000,000			10,000,000	
Series 2019A, 4.0% to 5.0%,					
due serially through 2030	59,535,000	_	(2,890,000)	56,645,000	_
Taxable general receipts refunding bonds -	33/333/333		(2/050/000)	30/010/000	
Series 2019B, 1.976% to 3.145%,					
due serially through 2038	12,045,000	_	(950,000)	11,095,000	_
General receipts refunding bonds -	12,043,000		(330,000)	11,055,000	
Series 2020A, 1.68%,					
due serially through 2027	12,290,000	_	_	12,290,000	_
Direct Placement:	12,290,000			12,290,000	
Ohio Air Quality Development Authority:					
Tax exempt revenue bonds -					
Series 2013A, 2.48%					
due serially through 2026	22 020 465		(3,746,628)	20 172 927	3,839,544
Tax credit revenue bonds -	23,920,465		(3,740,026)	20,173,837	3,039,344
	15 000 000			15 000 000	
Series 2013B, 4.99%, due 2029	15,000,000			15,000,000	
Total bonds payable	361,405,465	-	(14,781,628)	346,623,837	11,334,544
Bond premiums:					
Series 2014A	1,608,995	-	(107,267)	1,501,728	107,266
Series 2015A	9,686,085	-	(824,347)	8,861,738	824,348
Series 2016A	13,541,498	-	(615,523)	12,925,975	615,522
Series 2018A	1,883,247	-	(85,602)	1,797,645	85,603
Series 2019A	9,665,068	-	(1,017,376)	8,647,692	1,017,375
Total bond premiums	36,384,893	-	(2,650,115)	33,734,778	2,650,114
Innovation Generation Scholarships	9,780,582	-	(496,042)	9,284,540	500,000
Capitalized lease obligations	33,923	_	(10,713)	23,210	11,297
UA Line of Credit with Foundation	300,000	_	(70,000)	230,000	-
Sick leave liability	4,302,003	367,751	-	4,669,754	1,144,916
Voluntary Retirement Incentive Plan	1,907,461	-	(1,619,886)	287,575	287,575
Voluntary Separation or Retirement Program	4,078,942	-	(4,078,942)	-	-
Liquidated damages	210,120	_	(210,120)		
Totals	\$ 418,403,389	\$ 367,751	\$ (23,917,446)	394,853,694	\$ 15,928,446
Less: current portion				(15,928,446)	
Long-term liabilities				\$ 378,925,248	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Long-term Liabilities - continued

The general receipts bonds and the general receipts refunding bonds are payable from and secured by a first pledge and lien on the general receipts of The University, excluding state appropriations. The bonds contain a provision that in an event of financial default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable. If there is a nonfinancial default, the Trustee may accelerate the maturity of the outstanding amounts, but is only required to do so if requested in writing by 25% of the bondholders.

The University has defeased certain debt by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased debt are not included in The University's basic financial statements. The defeased debt is as follows:

	 Amount Defeased	Amount tstanding at ne 30, 2022	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2021		
General Receipts Rental Note:					
Series 2003A	\$ 33,412,270	\$ 15,385,968	\$	17,080,254	
General receipts refunding bonds:					
Series 2015A	17,780,000	17,780,000		-	
Taxable general receipts refunding bonds:					
Series 2018B	16,085,000	16,085,000		-	
Totals	\$ 67,277,270	\$ 49,250,968	\$	17,080,254	

The aggregate annual principal maturities for the debt agreements for fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Direct Bo	orrov	ving	Direct P	lacem	ent	
Fiscal Year:	 Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 12,685,000	\$	13,221,111	\$ 3,934,765	\$	1,104,799	\$ 30,945,675
2024	12,625,000		12,662,650	4,032,347		1,006,007	30,326,004
2025	13,110,000		12,120,166	4,132,349		904,765	30,267,280
2026	13,625,000		11,555,587	4,234,832		801,012	30,216,431
2027	20,105,000		10,839,727	-		748,500	31,693,227
2028-2032	103,390,000		40,372,123	15,000,000		1,122,750	159,884,873
2033-2037	88,085,000		18,384,559	-		-	106,469,559
2038-2042	40,220,000		2,950,025				43,170,025
Totals	\$ 303,845,000	\$	122,105,948	\$ 31,334,293	\$	5,687,833	\$ 462,973,074

In November 2019, The University and The University of Akron Foundation executed an agreement for a \$1,000,000 line of credit. The Foundation provided the line of credit which, at 2% per annum and to be fully settled by November 2024, provides funding for The University's baseball field renovation project. The line of credit is expected to be repaid with donations. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the line of credit balance was \$220,884 and \$230,000, respectively.

In December 2021, The University and The University of Akron Foundation executed an agreement for a \$3,100,000 line of credit. The Foundation provided the line of credit which, at 2% per annum and to be fully settled by June 2025, provides funding for The University track and field facility and the basketball practice gymnasium. At June 30, 2022, the line of credit balance was \$0.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Long-term Liabilities - continued

The University developed and offered a Voluntary Retirement Incentive Program to eligible faculty employees (participants) based upon years of service and age and forty-eight employees chose to participate. Each participant received up to \$100,000. The University will also contribute into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA). The participants departed The University on or before May 31, 2018. The University paid the participants 40% on July 31, 2018 while the remaining 60% was equally contributed to the participant's 403(b) plan during July 2019, July 2020, and June 2021, respectively. The University will fund the HRAs annually in the amount of \$4,000 for four years. The University recorded expenses including the HRAs of \$4,466,000 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The remaining liability for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$287,575 and \$1,907,461, respectively. The University established an escrow for the special termination payments and defined contribution plan contributions. The escrow account was used in full by June 30, 2021 and was closed.

In September 2013, The University finalized an agreement with Akron Public Schools (APS) to transfer a decommissioned high school to The University in return for the equivalent in-kind services to the district in accordance with state law. The fair market value of the high school, known as Central Hower High School, was determined to be \$13.5 million. The University agreed to fund annual, renewable APS Innovation Generation Scholarships to qualified current and future APS students up to the fair market value of Central Hower. The remaining scholarship balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$8,838,167 and \$9,284,540, respectively.

In December 2018, The University exercised its right under Section V.E. of the employment contract and terminated employment of a contracted employee on December 31, 2018. The contract required The University to pay liquidated damages including 100% of the current base salary through February 2021 totaling \$682,890.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

7. State Support

The University is a state-assisted institution of higher education, which receives a student-based state share of instruction (appropriation) from the State. This state share of instruction is determined annually based upon a formula devised by the State. In addition to the state share of instruction, the State also provides certain capital funding and assistance. The capital funding is provided through the Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE) from revenue bond proceeds issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission (OPFC). The capital assets are transferred from the ODHE to The University upon completion. Costs incurred during construction are included in construction in progress.

In accordance with the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Sections 124.21(D) and (E), university facilities are not pledged as collateral for the revenue bonds. Instead, the bonds are supported by a pledge of monies in the Higher Education Bond Service Fund established in the custody of The Treasurer of State. If sufficient monies are not available from this fund, a pledge exists to assess a special student fee uniformly applicable to students in state-assisted institutions of higher education throughout the State. As a result of the above described financial assistance provided by the State to The University, outstanding debt issued by OPFC is not included within The University's basic financial statements. In addition, appropriations by the State's General Assembly to the ODHE for payment of debt service are not reflected as appropriation revenue received by The University, and the related debt service payments are not recorded in The University's accounts.

The Capital Component program is an appropriation line item in the ODHE operating budget to fund infrastructure investments for higher education. This program was designed to add flexibility to the capital funding process and to provide incentives for the efficient use of state capital funding provided to higher education institutions. This capital funding policy provided state-assisted institutions of higher education with the annual debt service equivalent of capital appropriations that the institution otherwise could have received via the new formula-based higher education capital budget.

8. Employee Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The University participates in the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems governed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) that covers substantially all employees of The University. Each system has multiple retirement plan options available to its members, with three options in STRS and OPERS and one option in SERS. Each system provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The systems also each provide post-employment health care benefits (including Medicare B premiums) to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

Each retirement system issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and post-employment health care plans. The reports may be obtained by contacting:

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio 275 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 (888) 227-7877 www.strsoh.org School Employees Retirement System 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100 Columbus, Ohio 43215 (800) 878-5853 www.ohsers.org Ohio Public Employees Retirement System 277 East Town Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 (800) 222-7377 www.opers.org

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Contributions

State retirement law requires contributions by covered employees and their employers, and Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) limits the maximum rate of contributions. The retirement boards of the systems individually set contribution rates within the allowable limits. The adequacy of employer contribution rates is determined annually by actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. Under these provisions, each University's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Member contributions are set at the maximums authorized by the ORC. The plans' 2022 and 2021 employer and member contribution rates on covered payroll to each system are:

						Member Contribution				
		Employer Contribution Rate								
	Pension	Post- Retirement Healthcare	Death Benefits	Medicare B	Total	Total				
STRS	14.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	14.00%	14.00%				
SERS	13.20%	0.00%	0.04%	0.76%	14.00%	10.00%				
OPERS - State/Local	14.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	14.00%	10.00%				
OPERS - Law Enforcement	18.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	18.10%	13.00%				

The University's required and actual contributions to the plans are:

For the years ended June 30,

	2022					2021					
		Pension OPEB			Pension OPEB Pension						OPEB
STRS	\$	7,123,860	\$	-	\$	8,418,157	\$	-			
SERS		3,450,492		198,064		3,962,378		223,035			
OPERS		3,333,533		-		2,927,968		-			
UA Plan		-		-		-		1,149,495			
	\$	13,907,885	\$	198,064	\$	15,308,503	\$	1,372,530			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Benefits Provided

State Teachers Retirement System - Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the ORC, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 342 in 2012, gives the Retirement Board the authority to make future adjustments to the member contribution rates, retirement age and service requirements, and the COLA as the need or opportunity arises, depending on the retirement system's funding progress.

Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member may retire who has (1) five years of service credit and attained age 60, (2) 27 years of service credit and attained age 55, or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Beginning August 1, 2015, eligibility requirements for an unreduced benefit changed. The maximum annual retirement allowance, payable for life, considers years of credited service, final average salary (3-5 years) and multiplying by a factor ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.6 percent with 0.1 percent incremental increases for years greater than 30-31, depending on retirement age.

A defined benefit plan or combined plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled (illness or injury preventing individual's ability to perform regular job duties for at least 12 months) may receive a disability benefit. Additionally, eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits.

A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in all three of the plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

STRS Ohio provides access to healthcare coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans, and their dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the ORC, the State Teachers Retirement Board, (the "Board") has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the healthcare costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the healthcare cost in the form of a monthly premium.

School Employees Retirement System - Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3309 of the ORC, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 341 in 2012. The requirements to retire depends on years of service (5 to 30 years) and on attaining the age of 60 to 67 (one group does not have an age requirement), depending on when the employee became a member. Member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of service times a pension factor ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.5 percent. Members also covered by STRS, Ohio Police and Fire, or Ohio State Highway Patrol have separate considerations in how the benefits are determined.

The defined benefit pension plan includes the Pension Benefits Plan, Death Benefit Fund and Medicare Part B Plan.

The Death Benefit Fund pays \$1,000 to a designated beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient as allowed under ORC Section 3309.50.

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare Part B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium.

Health Care Plan – SERS offers health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third party administrators and pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Plan benefits are established under Chapter 145 of the ORC, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 343 in 2012. The requirements to retire depends on years of service (5 to 30 years) and on attaining the age of 48 to 62, depending on when the employee became a member. Members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years' service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit, except for public safety and law enforcement participants. Member retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service (5 to 30 years), age (48 to 62 years) and final average salary, using a factor ranging from 1.0 percent to 2.5 percent.

A plan member who becomes disabled before age 60 or at any age, depending on when the member entered the plan, and has completed 60 contributing months is eligible for a disability benefit.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500 is determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree. Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death with 1.5 years of service credits with the plan obtained within the last 2.5 years, except for law enforcement and public safety personnel who are eligible immediately upon employment.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent, or an amount based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

University-provided benefits - The University single-employer defined benefit plan (UA Plan) provided healthcare benefits for certain dependents of retired employees. Substantially all of The University's employees hired prior to 1992 may have become eligible for those benefits if they reached normal retirement age while working for The University. Retiree dependents were covered by Pre-Medicare PPO or Medicare Supplement plan based on age. In addition, The University provided life insurance benefits for all retired employees hired prior to September 13, 1977 or to other retired employees who were hired after that date but retired prior to January 1, 2011. Retiree life insurance pre-65 plan had four options with a maximum benefit of \$100,000. After age 70, the maximum life insurance benefit was reduced to \$50,000. For both benefits, the eligible employee must have elected a state pension plan upon retirement to be eligible for the additional postemployment benefit. There were no separate financial statements available for this plan. No assets were accumulated in a trust that met the criteria of GASB Statement 75.

During May 2020, the University eliminated the University provided retiree dependent health insurance benefit for all eligible current and former non-bargaining employees effective December 31, 2020. Except for the University's faculty union, the remaining University unions also elected to eliminate the benefit by separate ratifications during July 2020 also effective December 31, 2020. During December 2020, the University Board of Trustees approved the elimination of the University provided retiree depended health insurance for eligible dependents of the faculty union effective January 31, 2021. During December 2020, the University eliminated the retiree life insurance program for eligible former employees effective December 31, 2020.

Plan participant data as of the last census date is summarized below:

Census Date	January 1, 2020
Participating Employees: Average age Average credited service	149 62.9 33.0
Retirees: Retirees (Life Insurance) Average age for retirees	868 78.2
Dependent Spouses (Medical) Average age for dependents	409 74.9

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability - UA Plan

	Total OPEB Liability									
		2022		2021	2020					
Balances at July 1	\$		\$	49,099,789	\$ 54,332,879					
Changes for the year:										
Service Cost		-		329,951	404,391					
Interest		-		1,318,137	1,832,190					
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		-		-	92,622					
Changes of assumptions		-		163,433	(3,419,925)					
Benefit payments		-		(2,645,103)	(3,137,088)					
Changes of benefit terms		-		(48,266,207)						
Net changes		-		(49,099,789)	(4,227,810)					
Balances at June 30	\$		\$	_	\$ 50,105,069					

Funding policy – The University had no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the premiums were due for payment; therefore this plan was financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Active employees were not required to contribute to the plan. The plan charged retirees a 19%, 19% and 18% contribution for retiree dependent health coverage for 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of STRS/SERS/OPERS. For June 30, 2022, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 for STRS, June 30, 2021 for SERS and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For June 30, 2021 the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 for STRS, June 30, 2020 for SERS, and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

	Measurement	Net pension liability			Pro	portionate sh	are	Percent change		
	date	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020	2021-22	2020-21	
STRS	June 30	\$ 62,214,420	\$ 149,618,884	\$ 146,310,173	0.486586%	0.618351%	0.661606%	-0.131765%	-0.043255%	
SERS	June 30	32,174,880	70,375,241	71,898,430	0.872017%	1.064001%	1.201677%	-0.191985%	-0.137676%	
OPERS	December 31	11,810,341	20,208,912	27,211,611	0.364106%	0.354894%	0.390496%	0.009212%	-0.035602%	
Total		\$ 106,199,641	\$ 240,203,037	\$ 245,420,214						

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans – continued

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University recognized pension revenue of \$31,057,515 and pension expense of \$6,899,679, respectively. The difference between this total and the pension revenue of \$44,319,684 and \$6,890,597 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, included in the Pension revenue reported separately on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is recorded as employee benefits within functional expenses. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2022					2021				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		
	Outflows			Inflows		Outflows		Inflows		
	of	f Resources of Resources		of	Resources	of	Resources			
Difference between expected										
and actual experience	\$	2,572,439	\$	676,348	\$	508,141	\$	1,844,751		
Changes of assumptions		19,453,756		-		8,043,695		-		
Net difference between projected										
and actual earnings on pension										
plan investments		-		83,767,622		10,773,075		7,987,880		
Changes in proportion and differences										
between University contributions and										
proportionate share of contributions		644,066		45,754,738		1,981,398		29,846,519		
University contributions subsequent		,		, ,						
to the measurement date		13,262,170		-		13,790,276		_		
Total	\$	35,932,431	\$:	130,198,708	\$	35,096,585	\$	39,679,150		
	_				_					

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (33,352,366)
2024	(27,647,054)
2025	(22,794,847)
2026	(23,751,565)
2027	2,051
Thereafter	15,334
Total	\$ (107,528,447)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year (2023).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset), Deferrals, and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2022, The University reported a liability/(asset) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) of STRS/SERS/OPERS. For June 30, 2022, the net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 for STRS, June 30, 2021 for SERS, and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For June 30, 2021 the net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020 for STRS, June 30, 2020 for SERS, and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates, except OPERS which used an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, rolled forward to the measurement date by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year for the defined benefit health care plans.

Typically, The University's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) is based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined, except as noted below.

For plan years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020 (most current available information), STRS did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, STRS' calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plan for both pension and OPEB.

For plan years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020 (most current available information), SERS allocated 0% of the total employer contribution of 14% to the healthcare fund. SERS' calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on actual contributions made to the pension plan plus actual surcharge contributions made to the OPEB plan because the total of these two amounts is most representative of the level of future contributions to the OPEB plan.

For plan years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020, OPERS did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, OPERS's calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plan for both pension and OPEB.

For June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, The University reported 100.0% of the OPEB liability for the UA Plan measured as of December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 for June 30, 2022 and 2021 and an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019 for June 30, 2020.

	Measurement	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						Proportionate share					Percent change			
	date	2022		2021		2020		2022	20	021	20)20	20	20-21	2	019-20
STRS	June 30	\$ (10,259,000)	\$	(10,868,000)	\$	(10,958,000)	(0.486586%	0.6	18351%	0.6	61606%	-0	.131765%	-(0.043255%
SERS	June 30	15,358,908		21,891,680		29,490,781	(0.811532%	1.0	07289%	1.1	72694%	-0	.195757%	-(0.165405%
OPERS	December 31	(4,299,945)		(2,428,632)		19,074,369	(0.137284%	0.1	36319%	0.1	38094%	0	.000965%	-(0.001775%
UA Plan	December 31					49,099,789	1	100.0000%	10	0.0000%	100	0.0000%	0	.000000%	(0.000000%
Total		\$ 799,963	\$	8,595,048	\$	86,706,939										

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset), Deferrals, and OPEB Expense - continued

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University recognized OPEB income of \$7,284,488 and \$64,740,487, respectively. The difference between this total and the OPEB revenue of \$7,483,664 and \$64,963,522 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, included in the OPEB revenue reported separately on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is recorded as employee benefits within functional expenses. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, The University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		20	22		2021				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows	
	of	Resources	01	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	
Difference between expected									
and actual experience	\$	648,304	\$	12,495,668	\$	1,096,857	\$	16,237,356	
Changes of assumptions		3,838,586		10,193,174		5,353,086		15,025,841	
Net difference between projected									
and actual earnings on pension									
plan investments		-		5,182,038		628,822		1,293,523	
Changes in proportion and differences									
between University contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions		16,236		16,814,045		1,239,411		15,655,693	
University contributions subsequent									
to the measurement date		199,176		-		223,035			
Total	\$	4,702,302	\$	44,684,925	\$	8,541,211	\$	48,212,413	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (12,256,426)
2024	(10,341,526)
2025	(9,009,973)
2026	(5,406,206)
2027	(2,476,217)
Thereafter	(691,451)
Total	\$ (40,181,799)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the following year (2023).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and OPEB liability/(asset) is based on the results of an actuarial valuation and were determined using the following actuarial assumptions for The University's June 30, 2022 fiscal year end:

	STRS	SERS	OPERS		
Valuation date - Pension	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2021		
Valuation date - OPEB	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Individual entry age		
Cost of living	None	2.0 percent	2.05 percent - 3.0 percent		
Salary increases, including inflation	2.5 percent - 12.5 percent	3.25 percent - 13.58 percent	2.75 percent -10.75 percent		
Inflation	2.5 percent	2.4 percent	2.75 percent		
Investment rate of return - Pension	7.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	6.9 percent, net of plan investment expense, including inflation		
Investment rate of return - OPEB	7.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	6.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation		
Health care cost trend rates	-16.2 percent to 30.0 percent initial, 4.0 percent ultimate	6.75 percent to 4.4 percent pre- Medicare, 5.125 percent to 4.4 percent Medicare	5.5 percent initial, 3.5 percent ultimate in 2034		
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2016	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2020	Period of 5 years ended December 31, 2020		
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.	Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.2% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disable Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for	Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled		
		females. Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table	retirees are based on the BubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The following are actuarial assumptions for The University's June 30, 2021 fiscal year end:

	STRS	SERS
Valuation date - Pension	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Valuation date - OPEB	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Cost of living	None	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	2.5 percent - 12.5 percent	3.5 percent - 18.2 percent
Inflation	2.5 percent	3.0 percent
Investment rate of return - Pension	7.45 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
Investment rate of return - OPEB	7.45 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
Health care cost trend rates	-6.69 percent to 11.87 percent initial, 4.0 percent ultimate	7.0 percent to 4.75 percent pre-Medicare, 5.25 percent to 4.75 percent Medicare
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2016	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2015
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.	RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates used. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.
	OPERS	UA Plan
Valuation date - Pension	December 31, 2020	n/a
Valuation date - OPEB	December 31, 2019	January 1, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Entry age
Cost of living	0.5 percent - 3.0 percent	n/a
Salary increases, including inflation	3.25 percent -10.75 percent	4.0 percent
Inflation	3.25 percent	2.75 percent
Investment rate of return - Pension	7.2 percent, net of plan investment expense, including inflation	n/a
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.0 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation	n/a
Health care cost trend rates	8.5 percent initial, 3.5 percent ultimate in 2035	6.5 percent initial, 5.0 percent ultimate in 2024
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended December 31, 2015	Period of 3 years ended February 2020
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table	RP-2014 generational headcount weighted mortality tables for males and females projected back to 2006 using scale MP-2014 (M/F) and then projected forward using scale

Pension Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liabilities for STRS were 7.45 percent and 7.0 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 respectively. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for SERS were 7.0 percent and 7.5 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 (most recent available information). The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for OPERS were 6.9 percent and 7.2 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

MP-2020 (M/F) for employees and annuitants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

OPEB Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Plans that project fiduciary net position to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees used a blended discount rate between the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments and a 20-year municipal bond rate applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability/(asset).

STRS - OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liabilities/(assets) was 7.0 percent and 7.45 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (most recent available information). At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability/(asset).

SERS – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities/(assets) were 2.27 percent and 2.63 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively (most recent available information). At June 30, 2021 and 2020 the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, a blended rate was used, which consisted of the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (7.0 percent) for the funded benefit payments and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 1.92 percent and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2042, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date. At June 30, 2021, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2030, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

OPERS – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities/(assets) were 6.0 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

UA Plan – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities were 2.12 percent and 2.74 percent, based on the Bond Buyer Index as reported in The Bond Buyer, for the plan years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (most recent available information), respectively. The discount rate for postemployment welfare cost purposes is a single rate reflecting the yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale), to the extent that plan investments are not expected to finance the payment of benefits. Since there are no plan assets, the discount rate is determined based on the aforementioned basis as of the applicable measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

OPEB Discount Rate - continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. OPERS has two different portfolios of investment, a defined benefit portfolio for pension and health care portfolio for OPEB. As a result, there are different target allocations and long-term expected real rates of return disclosed for each portfolio. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic (geometric for STRS) real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of the dates listed below:

	STRS			SERS			OPERS				
	as of June	30, 2021		as of June	30, 2021		as of December 31, 2021				
							Defined Be	nefit Portfolio	Health Care Portfolio		
Investment Category	Target Allocation	term Expected Real Rate of Return	Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long- term Expected Real Rate of Return	_Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long- term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%	Cash	2.00%	-0.33%	Fixed Income	24.00%	1.03%	34.00%	0.91%	
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%	US Equity Non-U.S. Equity	24.75%	5.72%	Domestic Equities	21.00%	3.78%	25.00%	3.78%	
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	Devolpoping Non-U.S. Equity	13.50%	6.55%	Real Estate	11.00%	3.66%	0.00%	0.00%	
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%	Emerging	6.75%	8.54%	Private Equity	12.00%	7.43%	0.00%	0.00%	
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%	Fixed Income	19.00%	1.14%	International Equities	23.00%	4.88%	25.00%	4.88%	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%	Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%	Risk Parity	5.00%	2.92%	2.00%	2.92%	
			Real Assets Multi-Asset Strategies	16.00% 4.00%	5.41% 3.47%	REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	3.71%	
			Private Debt	3.00%	5.28%	Other Investments	4.00%	2.85%	7.00%	1.93%	
Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		100.00%		

	STRS			SERS			OPERS				
	as of June 30, 2020			as of June 30, 2020			as of December 31, 2020				
							Defined Be	nefit Portfolio	Health Car	e Portfolio	
		Long-			Long-					Long-	
		term			term			Long-term		term	
		Expected			Expected			Expected		Expected	
Investment	Target	Real Rate	Investment	Target	Real Rate		Target	Real Rate of	Target	Real Rate	
Category	Allocation	of Return	Category	Allocation	of Return	Investment Category	Allocation	Return	Allocation	of Return	
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%	Cash	2.00%	1.85%	Fixed Income	25.00%	1.32%	34.00%	1.07%	
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%	US Equity	22.50%	5.75%	Domestic Equities	21.00%	5.64%	25.00%	5.64%	
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	International Equity	22.50%	6.50%	Real Estate	10.00%	5.39%	0.00%	0.00%	
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%	Fixed Income	19.00%	2.85%	Private Equity	12.00%	10.42%	0.00%	0.00%	
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%	Private Equity	12.00%	7.60%	International Equities	23.00%	7.36%	25.00%	7.36%	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%	Real Assets	17.00%	6.60%	REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	6.48%	
			Multi-Asset Strategies	s 5.00%	6.65%	Other Investments	9.00%	4.75%	9.00%	4.02%	
Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		100.00%		

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2022, The University reported a payable of \$1,358,563 and \$5,758 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2021, The University reported a payable of \$1,154,401 and \$6,092 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of The University, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what The University's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

2022											
	1.00 per	cent decrease	Current	Discount rate	1.00 percent increase						
STRS	6.00%	\$ 116,504,325	7.00%	\$ 62,214,420	8.00%	\$ 16,339,568					
SERS	6.00%	53,531,098	7.00%	32,174,880	8.00%	14,164,248					
OPERS	5.90%	31,571,063	6.90%	11,810,341	7.90%	(4,630,653)					
		\$ 201,606,486		\$ 106,199,641		\$ 25,873,163					
			2021	ı							
	1.00 per	cent decrease	Current	Discount rate	1.00 pe	rcent increase					
STRS	6.45%	\$ 213,031,243	7.45%	\$ 149,618,884	8.45%	\$ 95,882,192					
SERS	6.50%	96,405,487	7.50%	70,375,241	8.50%	48,535,370					
OPERS	6.20%	38,795,738	7.20%	20,208,912	8.20%	4,758,838					
		\$ 348,232,468		\$ 240,203,037		\$ 149,176,400					

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of The University, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what The University's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

2022											
	1.00 pe	rcent	decrease	Curren	count rate	1.00 percent increase					
STRS	6.00%	\$	(8,657,240)	7.00%	\$	(10,259,000)	8.00%	\$	(11,597,529)		
SERS	1.27%		19,031,546	2.27%		15,358,908	3.27%		12,424,943		
OPERS	5.00%		(2,528,771)	6.00%		(4,299,945)	7.00%		(5,770,047)		
		\$	7,845,535		\$	799,963		\$	(4,942,633)		

	1.00 percent decrease			Current	count rate	1.00 percent increase			
STRS	6.45%	\$	(9,455,437)	7.45%	\$	(10,868,000)	8.45%	\$	(12,065,594)
SERS	1.63%		26,794,872	2.63%		21,891,680	3.63%		17,993,651
OPERS	5.00%		(603,893)	6.00%		(2,428,632)	7.00%		(3,928,714)
UA Plan	1.12%			2.12%			3.12%		
		\$	16,735,542		\$	8,595,048		\$	1,999,343

2021

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of The University, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate listed below, as well as what The University's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

-	^	-	

	1.00 percent decrease	percent decrease Current Trend Rate					
STRS	\$ 11,543,304	\$ (10,259,000)	\$ (8,671,448)				
SERS	13,887,990	15,358,908	22,650,962				
OPERS	(4,346,411)_	(4,299,945)	(4,244,821)				
	\$ 21,084,883	\$ 799,963	\$ 9,734,693				

2021

<u>_</u>	1.00 percent decrease	Current Trend Rate	1.00 percent increase				
STRS	\$ (11,991,225)	\$ (10,868,000)	\$ (9,498,647)				
SERS	17,238,032	21,891,680	28,114,798				
OPERS	(2,487,822)	(2,428,632)	(2,362,408)				
UA Plan							
	\$ 2,758,985	\$ 8,595,048	\$ 16,253,743				

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued STRS/SERS/OPERS financial reports.

Assumption changes

During the measurement periods ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively, certain assumption changes were made by the plans. The STRS pension and OPEB discount rates were reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.0 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for the pension and OPEB liabilities as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Health care cost trend rate changed from -6.69% - 11.87% initial, 4% ultimate to -16.18% - 29.98% initial, 4% ultimate. The SERS pension discount rates was reduced from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for pension prepared as of June 30, 2021. The SERS OPEB discount rate was reduced from 2.63 percent to 2.27 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for OPEB prepared as of June 30, 2021. The OPERS changes which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for pension prepared as of December 31, 2021 were: pension discount rate was reduced from 7.2 to 6.9 percent; health care cost trend rate changed from 8.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate in 2035 to 5.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate in 2034; inflation rate decreased from 3.25% to 2.75%; and salary increases changed from 3.25% - 10.75% to 2.75% - 10.75%. The experience study date changed from period of 5 years ended December 31, 2020.

Benefit changes

There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plan(s) since the prior two measurement dates for STRS or SERS. Effective in 2022, OPERS will replace the current self-insured group plan with a marketplace concept for pre-Medicare retirees.

Changes since the measurement date

STRS had a new experience study completed for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021 which will be used for the 2022 valuation. The experience study indicates changes in assumptions, including updating mortality tables from RP-2014 to PubT-2010 (and related improvement factors), retirement rates, and OPEB participation assumptions which will impact STRS net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Employee Benefit Plans - continued

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP) is a defined contribution pension plan, under IRS Section 401(a), and established by Ohio Amended Substitute House Bill 586 (ORC 3305.02) on March 31, 1998, for public institutions of higher education. The University's Board of Trustees adopted The University's plan on April 18, 1998. Full-time employees are eligible to choose a provider, in lieu of STRS, SERS, or OPERS, from the list of six providers currently approved by the Ohio Department of Higher Education and who hold agreements with The University. Employee and employer contributions equal to those required by STRS, SERS, and OPERS are required for the ARP, less any amounts required to be remitted to the state retirement system in which the employee would otherwise have been enrolled.

Eligible employees have 120 days from their date of hire to make an irrevocable election to participate in the ARP. Under this plan, employees who would have otherwise been required to be in STRS, SERS, or OPERS, and who elect to participate in the ARP, must contribute the employee's share of retirement contributions to one of six private providers approved by the Ohio Department of Higher Education who hold agreements with The University. The legislation mandates that the employer must contribute an amount to the state retirement system to which the employee would have otherwise belonged, based on an independent actuarial study commissioned by the Ohio Retirement Study Council and submitted to the Ohio Department of Higher Education. That amount is 4.47 percent for STRS and 2.44 percent for OPERS. For SERS, no funding is contributed if the employee was hired before August 2005. If the employee was hired on or after August 2005, the employer contributes 3.48 percent. The employer also contributes what would have been the employer's contribution under STRS, SERS, or OPERS, less the aforementioned percentages, to the private provider selected by the employee. The University plan provides these employees with five year plan vesting. The ARP does not provide disability benefits, survivor benefits, or postretirement health care. Benefits are entirely dependent on the sum of contributions and investment returns earned by each participant's choice of investment options. STRS and OPERS also offer a defined contribution plan and a combined plan with features of both a defined contribution plan and a defined benefit plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, employee contributions totaled \$3,537,386 and \$3,615,499, respectively, and The University recognized pension expense of \$3,815,582 and \$3,867,944, respectively.

9. Litigation, Commitments, and Contingencies

The University has been named as a defendant in a number of lawsuits alleging various causes of action. It is the opinion of The University's management that disposition of the pending matters will not have a material adverse effect on the basic financial statements.

In addition to purchasing insurance to cover potential losses from certain litigation, The University participates in two risk insurance coverage pools, along with other state universities in Ohio's Inter-University Council Insurance Consortium (IUC-IC), for (1) property coverage and (2) casualty coverage. Each university contributes to these pools based on relevant factors, including its percentage of the total insurable values for the property pool and student enrollment, employee count, and number of autos for the casualty pool. In addition to the annual allocation basis, future contributions are adjusted based upon each university's loss history. Under the FY22 programs for both pools, respectively, each university has a \$100,000 per claim deductible and pool coverage of up to the next \$900,000 per covered claim. The University, through the Inter-University Council Insurance Consortium (IUC-IC), purchases \$34,000,000 in liability insurance limits that sits excess of the casualty pool.

The Federal Perkins Loan Program expired on September 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2021, The University made \$1,526,334 in institutional capital contributions, which are reflected as part of The University's net position. Under current guidance issued by the Department of Education, at the time The University liquidates the loan portfolio and assigns the student loans to the Department of Education, The University will be forgoing its institutional capital not yet received back through loan collections.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Litigation, Commitments, and Contingencies - continued

The University provides employee health insurance benefits through a self-insurance program. Two third-party administrators, Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield for medical insurance and Delta Dental of Ohio for dental insurance, review all claims which are then paid by The University. Full-time employees are eligible for health insurance benefits effective on the first day of the month following appointment or date of hire. Employees are offered two traditional PPO medical plans with differing levels of coverage and one PPO dental plan. Employees make contributions to pay a portion of health insurance benefits based on plan selections and annual salary ranges.

A claims liability of \$1,326,866 and \$1,467,574, included with accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Services*, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The change in the total liability for actual and estimated claims is summarized below:

	2022	2021	2020
Liability at beginning of year	\$ 1,467,574	\$ 1,704,272	\$ 2,056,324
Claims incurred and changes in estimates	18,967,733	17,229,531	19,279,976
Claim payments	(19,108,441)	(17,466,229)	(19,632,028)
Liability at end of year	\$ 1,326,866	\$ 1,467,574	\$ 1,704,272

The University receives grants and contracts from certain federal and state agencies to fund research and other activities. The federal grants are audited annually in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Federal agencies also may conduct additional audits under federal law or regulations or may arrange for funding the cost of such additional audits by independent auditing firms. The state grants are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. Such federal or state audits could lead to a request for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. No significant costs have been questioned to date, and management believes that any disallowance or adjustment of such costs would not have a material adverse effect on the basic financial statements.

The University has been appropriated \$27.4 million from the State for buildings and renovations, of which \$12.2 million has been expended as of June 30, 2022.

COVID-19

During December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus first surfaced in Wuhan, China, and subsequently spread world-wide, with resulting business and social disruptions. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. During March 2020, the University discontinued on campus classes and most operations at all locations and soon thereafter migrated to a remote academic delivery for the remainder of the semester with the vast majority of employees assigned to work from home. With very limited exceptions, the University also closed its campus housing and dining facilities. The University chose to refund proportionate amounts of certain fees and University room and board in the aggregate amount of \$6.1 million and those refunds, which were funded by the CARES Act, were processed during April 2020. The University was awarded CARES Act Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF) in the amount of \$14.2 million of which \$6.1 million funded the refunds and \$7.1 million was provided directly to students as prescribed by the CARES Act. The summer 2020 semester was also taught remotely. The fall 2020 semester was taught using a hybrid approach of remote classes and physically distanced in person learning.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

9. Litigation, Commitments, and Contingencies - continued

COVID-19 - continued

In recognition of the negative impact to operations and adverse impact to revenues including the State's \$3.8 million reduction to the University's State Share of Instruction over the remaining months of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, The University curtailed its spending for supplies and services, travel and utilities. In anticipation of further revenue challenges, during July 2020, the University eliminated 178 filled positions and a number of unfilled; increased employee health insurance costs for many employees, eliminated the retiree dependent healthcare benefit for many current- and former-employees, and temporarily reduced compensation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 for many employees.

In August 2020 The University received an award of \$9.5 million in CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF) through the Ohio Department of Higher Education. In November 2020, The University received an additional award of CRF of \$4.7 million. The University received a second HEERF award of \$22.9 million in January 2021 of which \$7.1 million was sent as aid to students. Of the remaining \$15.8 million to be used by The University \$9.3 million was submitted as recovery of lost revenue and \$2.5 million was used as reimbursement for applicable expenses. The remaining \$4 million can be used during FY22. In May 2021 The University was notified of a third HEERF award of \$40.1 million. Student aid of \$20.2 million will be paid during FY22 and \$17.8 million was submitted for FY21 lost revenue and will be recognized as revenue in FY22. The remaining \$2.1 million will be available for use in FY22. There were also several smaller grants awarded by the Department of Higher Education, Summit County and the Governor of Ohio for mental health and health and safety of the campus community totaling approximately \$2.6 million. The University is also gathering information for any additional loss of income covered by insurance or expenses reimbursable by FEMA.

COVID-19 contributed to declines in student enrollment of 5% and 6% for academic years 2020 and 2021, respectively. As a result of COVID-19, the University incurred additional expenses to support technology, COVID-19 testing, facilities enhancements to accommodate a de-densified campus, and the online academic experience The University redesigned its scholarship program to address students' financial situations, which is anticipated to increase enrollment of new students while also increasing retention of existing students. On May 25, 2021, the University announced that it would resume inclass and on-campus operations, including instruction, laboratory research, housing, dining, and sports, for the fall 2021 semester.

The extent to which the coronavirus may adversely impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact among others. Accordingly, the full impact of COVID-19 and the scope of any adverse impact on future University finances and operations cannot be fully determined at this time. Potential adverse consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic or any other similar outbreaks in the future may include, but are not limited to: decline in enrollment (including a disproportional decline in enrollment by international students); decline in demand for University housing; decline in demand for University programs that involve travel or that have international connections; a decrease in availability of student loan funds or other student financial aid; reductions in funding support from donors or other external sources; a decline in research funding, including research funding from the U.S. government; a significant decline in the University's investments based on market declines or other external factors; and a decrease in financial support from the State whether through decreased appropriations or otherwise.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Component units

Details of the component units' net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		2022		2021						
		Research			Research					
	Foundation	Foundation	Totals	Foundation	Foundation	Totals				
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,322,467	\$ 733,408	\$ 10,055,875	\$ 4,076,574	\$ 445,406	\$ 4,521,980				
Pooled investments	-	6,315,094	6,315,094	-	7,336,110	7,336,110				
Accounts receivable, net	406,890	1,023,915	1,430,805	2,947,600	848,178	3,795,778				
Pledges receivable, net	1,669,921	-	1,669,921	2,133,317	-	2,133,317				
Related party land note receivable	220,884	-	220,884	-	-	-				
Prepaid expenses		178,676	178,676		183,014	183,014				
Total current assets	11,620,162	8,251,093	19,871,255	9,157,491	8,812,708	17,970,199				
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted investments	-	1,104,886	1,104,886	-	973,814	973,814				
Endowment investments	217,016,683	-	217,016,683	235,427,593	-	235,427,593				
Pledges receivable, net	10,319,033	-	10,319,033	7,960,014	-	7,960,014				
Related party note receivable	-	-	-	230,000	-	230,000				
Capital assets, net	747,900	3,187,451	3,935,351	747,900	3,546,857	4,294,757				
Total assets	239,703,778	12,543,430	252,247,208	253,522,998	13,333,379	266,856,377				
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	562,918	2,196,274	2,759,192	198,094	1,602,661	1,800,755				
Accrued liabilities	-	553,640	553,640	-	667,553	667,553				
Unearned income	28,500	68,280	96,780	28,500	106,116	134,616				
Deposits	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-	5,000				
Current portion of										
long-term liabilities					98,952	98,952				
Total current liabilities	596,418	2,818,194	3,414,612	231,594	2,475,282	2,706,876				
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Actuarial liability for										
annuity/unitrust agreements	8,874,610	-	8,874,610	11,130,271	-	11,130,271				
Long-term liabilities		2,158,073	2,158,073	. <u> </u>	2,181,690	2,181,690				
Total liabilities	9,471,028	4,976,267	14,447,295	11,361,865	4,656,972	16,018,837				
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets	747,900	1,029,378	1,777,278	747,900	1,266,215	2,014,115				
Restricted:						-				
Nonexpendable	220,951,090	-	220,951,090	232,773,504	-	232,773,504				
Expendable	8,533,760	-	8,533,760	8,639,729	-	8,639,729				
Unrestricted		6,537,785	6,537,785		7,410,192	7,410,192				
Total net position	\$ 230,232,750	\$ 7,567,163	\$ 237,799,913	\$ 242,161,133	\$ 8,676,407	\$ 250,837,540				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Component units - continued

Details of the component units' revenues, expenses, and changes in net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		2022		2021					
		Research			Research				
_	Foundation	Foundation	Totals	Foundation	Foundation	Totals			
Revenues Operating revenues: Private grants and contracts Gifts and contributions Other sources	\$ - 16,398,775	\$ 494,240 - 2,265,383	\$ 494,240 16,398,775 2,265,383	\$ - 12,007,159	\$ 728,074 - 1,828,182	\$ 728,074 12,007,159 1,828,182			
Total operating revenues	16,398,775	2,759,623	19,158,398	12,007,159	2,556,256	14,563,415			
Expenses Operating expenses: Educational and general: Separately budgeted research Institutional support Depreciation	1,068,183 	2,937,466 - 374,536	2,937,466 1,068,183 374,536	- 1,019,529 -	318,254 - 373,741	318,254 1,019,529 373,741			
Total operating expenses	1,068,183	3,312,002	4,380,185	1,019,529	691,995	1,711,524			
Operating income (loss)	15,330,592	(552,379)	14,778,213	10,987,630	1,864,261	12,851,891			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income, net Interest on debt Distributions to The University Distributions on behalf of The University	(15,288,778) - (11,395,885) (641,117)	(890,380) 17,896 (303,541)	(16,179,158) 17,896 (11,699,426) (641,117)	48,741,084 - (11,641,444) (399,845)	1,734,425 (47,637) (2,695,840)	50,475,509 (47,637) (14,337,284) (399,845)			
Other nonoperating revenues	66,805	619,160	685,965	29,077	175,597	204,674			
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(27,258,975)	(556,865)	(27,815,840)	36,728,872	(833,455)	35,895,417			
Gain (loss) before other changes	(11,928,383)	(1,109,244)	(13,037,627)	47,716,502	1,030,806	48,747,308			
(Decrease) Increase in net position	(11,928,383)	(1,109,244)	(13,037,627)	47,716,502	1,030,806	48,747,308			
Net position – beginning of year	242,161,133	8,676,407	250,837,540	194,444,631	7,645,601	202,090,232			
Net position – end of year	\$ 230,232,750	\$ 7,567,163	\$ 237,799,913	\$ 242,161,133	\$ 8,676,407	\$ 250,837,540			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Component units - continued

The following tables present information about the component units' assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the valuation techniques used to determine those fair values:

Foundation Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2022

			Quoted Prices in			9	Significant		
			Active Markets for	S	ignificant Other	Ur	nobservable		
		Balance at	Identical Assets (Level 1)		Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs		Net Asset
	Ju	ne 30, 2022					(Level 3)		Value
Assets - Investments									
Beneficial interest in real estate	\$	335,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	335,000	\$	-
Bonds		10,329,568	-		10,329,568		-		-
Cash and cash equivalent		16,605,556	16,605,556		-		-		-
Common stocks		2,571,573	2,571,573		-		-		-
Equity funds		19,018,749	7,683,332		-		-		11,335,417
Equity trust		35,459	35,459		-		-		-
Exchange traded funds		262,197	262,197		-		-		-
Fixed income funds		15,701,108	-		-		-		15,701,108
Floaters		380,000	-		380,000		-		-
Hedge funds		41,699,155	-		-		-		41,699,155
International equity funds		49,552,952	(166,504)	-		-		49,719,456
Mutual funds		18,060,149	18,060,149		-		-		-
Opportunistic		5,943,607	-		-		-		5,943,607
Preferred stocks		44,810	44,810		-		-		-
Private equity funds		14,692,038	-		-		-		14,692,038
Real estate funds		2,150,821	-		-		-		2,150,821
U.S. Treasury note		18,364,731	18,364,731		-		-		-
U.S. Treasury obligations		18,364,731	1,255,012		766		-		-
Liabilities									
Annuity/unitrust agreements									
and refundable advances		(8,874,610)	-		-		(8,874,610)		-

Foundation Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2021

Assets - Investments	Balance at June 30, 2022		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Net Asset Value
Beneficial interest in real estate	+	335,000	.				.	335,000	\$
	\$		\$	-	\$	4.056.004	\$	335,000	\$ -
Bonds		4,056,801		-		4,056,801		-	-
Cash and cash equivalent		21,552,262		,552,262		-		-	-
Common stocks		3,560,303		,560,303		-		-	-
Equity funds		32,622,035	10	,221,422		-		-	22,400,613
Exchange traded funds		264,233		264,233		-		-	-
Fixed income funds		30,400,562		-		9,646,790		-	20,753,772
Floaters		400,000		-		400,000		-	-
Hedge funds		47,171,933		-		-		-	47,171,933
International equity funds		55,630,195	1	,524,359		-		-	54,105,836
Mutual funds		24,110,346	24	,110,346		-		-	-
Preferred stocks		20,616		20,616		-		-	-
Private equity funds		13,773,905		-		-		-	13,773,905
Real estate funds		1,514,488		-		-		-	1,514,488
U.S. Treasury obligations		1,036		-		1,036		-	-
Liabilities									
Annuity/unitrust agreements									
and refundable advances		(11,130,271)		-		-		(11,130,271)	-

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Component units - continued

Research Foundation Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2022

	Balance at June 30, 2022		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Net Asset Value
Assets - Short-term investments									
Fixed income	\$ 1,565,829	\$	1,565,829	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Large growth	945,256		945,256		-		-		-
Large value	791,476		791,476		-		-		-
Small- and mid-cap growth	717,101		717,101		-		-		-
Alternatives	1,156,956		1,156,956		-		-		-
Internationals	1,138,476		1,138,476		-		-		-

Research Foundation Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2021

	Balance at ne 30, 2021	Act	ooted Prices in ive Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	-	nificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)	Un	ignificant observable Inputs (Level 3)	Net Asset Value
Assets - Short-term investments								
Fixed income	\$ 1,756,660	\$	1,756,660	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Large growth	975,590		975,590		-		-	-
Large value	1,016,900		1,016,900		-		-	-
Small- and mid-cap growth	796,937		796,937		-		-	-
Alternatives	1,302,126		1,302,126		-		-	-
Internationals	1,487,897		1,487,897		-		-	-
Liabilities								
Interest rate swap	(69,022)		-		(69,022)		-	-

Details of the component units' capital assets at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

				2022						2021				
		Research						Research						
	Fo	oundation		Foundation	Totals		Foundation		Foundation			Totals		
Capital assets:														
Land	\$	747,900	\$	290,607	\$	1,038,507	\$	747,900	\$	290,607	\$	1,038,507		
Buildings		-		5,513,180		5,513,180		-		5,513,180		5,513,180		
Equipment		-		1,669,252		1,669,252		-		2,349,393		2,349,393		
Total capital assets		747,900		7,473,039		8,220,939		747,900		8,153,180		8,901,080		
Less: accumulated depreciation		-		(4,285,588)		(4,285,588)		-		(4,606,323)		(4,606,323)		
Capital assets, net	\$	747,900	\$	3,187,451	\$	3,935,351	\$	747,900	\$	3,546,857	\$	4,294,757		

Required Supplement	tary Information	

Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 to 2022

Plan Year	University's proportion of the net pension liability	pro sh	niversity's oportionate are of the et pension liability		University's covered payroll	propo shar net lia as a p	versity's ortionate re of the pension ability ercentage covered ayroll	Plan fiduciar net position as a percenta of the tota pension liability	n age
State 1	Teachers Retiremer	nt Sys	stem (STRS)						
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.486586% 0.618351% 0.661606% 0.723614% 0.802782% 0.844647% 0.913123% 0.950840%	1 1 1 2 2	62,214,420 149,618,884 146,310,173 159,106,476 190,702,668 282,728,801 252,360,353 231,277,151	\$	71,273,436 74,643,389 92,564,876 95,918,966 100,964,550 106,894,227 107,800,627 114,757,851	20 15 16 18 26 23	7.29% 0.44% 8.06% 5.88% 8.88% 4.49% 4.10% 1.53%	87.80% 75.50% 70.85% 77.30% 75.29% 66.78% 72.10% 74.70%	
State I	Employees Retirem	ent S	ystem (SERS)					
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.872017% 1.064001% 1.201677% 1.388076% 1.663330% 1.763465% 1.989093% 2.065374%	1	32,174,880 70,375,241 71,898,430 79,497,683 99,380,266 129,069,381 113,499,597 104,527,403	\$	27,886,579 31,555,857 38,297,517 42,216,488 46,295,774 51,923,833 57,391,681 65,124,508	22 18 18 21 24 19	5.38% 3.02% 7.74% 8.31% 4.66% 8.57% 7.76% 0.50%	82.86% 68.55% 77.40% 71.36% 69.50% 62.98% 69.16% 71.70%	
Ohio P	ublic Employees Re	tiren	nent System ((OP	PERS)				
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.364106% 0.354894% 0.390496% 0.266603% 0.123075% 0.030957% 0.029042% 0.032842%	\$	11,810,341 20,208,912 27,211,611 27,472,320 7,940,334 6,697,227 5,030,441 3,961,106	\$	27,570,160 23,082,211 23,749,437 18,717,610 11,568,937 3,843,681 2,724,473 3,080,746	87 11 14 68 17 18	2.84% 7.55% 4.58% 6.77% 3.63% 4.24% 4.64% 8.58%	93.01% 87.21% 82.44% 74.91% 84.85% 77.39% 81.08% 86.45%	

Note: For 2022, the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is as follows for each plan:

STRS: 87.80% SERS: 82.86% OPERS: 93.01%

The University of AkronSchedule of University's Pension Contributions Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 to 2022

Fiscal Year State T	Statutorily required contribution eachers Retirer	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution ment System (ST	deficiency (excess)	University's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll				
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 7,123,860 8,418,157 10,449,904 10,891,360 11,507,584 12,384,730 12,487,105 13,373,987	\$ 7,123,860 8,418,157 10,449,904 10,891,360 11,507,584 12,384,730 12,487,105 13,373,987	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 71,273,438 74,643,389 92,564,876 95,918,966 100,964,550 106,894,227 107,800,627 114,757,851	10.00% 11.28% 11.29% 11.35% 11.40% 11.59% 11.58%				
State Employees Retirement System (SERS)									
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 3,450,492 3,962,378 4,782,096 5,038,149 5,841,600 6,560,433 7,265,453 7,742,505	\$ 3,450,492 3,962,378 4,782,096 5,038,149 5,841,600 6,560,433 7,265,453 7,742,505	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 27,886,579 31,555,857 38,297,517 42,216,488 46,295,774 51,923,833 57,391,681 65,124,508	12.37% 12.56% 12.49% 11.93% 12.62% 12.63% 12.66% 11.89%				
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)									
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 3,333,533 2,927,968 3,056,045 2,511,156 1,586,905 590,804 438,640 496,000	\$ 3,333,533 2,927,968 3,056,045 2,511,156 1,586,905 590,804 438,640 496,000	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 27,570,160 23,082,211 23,749,437 18,717,610 11,568,937 3,843,681 2,724,473 3,080,746	12.09% 12.68% 12.87% 13.42% 13.72% 15.37% 16.10%				

Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 to 2022

Plan <u>Year</u>	University's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	p	University's roportionate share of the net OPEB ability/(asset)		University's covered payroll	University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)					
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)												
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	0.486586% 0.618351% 0.661606% 0.723614% 0.802782%	\$	(10,259,000) (10,868,000) (10,958,000) (11,628,000) 31,321,605	\$	71,273,436 74,643,389 92,564,876 95,918,966 100,964,550	-14.39% -14.56% -11.84% -12.12% 31.02%	174.70% 182.10% 174.70% 176.00% 47.11%					
State Employees Retirement System (SERS)												
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	0.811532% 1.007289% 1.172694% 1.404304% 1.680977%	\$	15,358,908 21,891,680 29,490,781 38,959,181 45,112,998	\$	27,886,579 31,555,857 38,297,517 42,216,488 46,295,774	55.08% 69.37% 77.00% 92.28% 97.45%	24.08% 18.17% 15.57% 13.57% 12.46%					
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)												
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	0.137284% 0.136319% 0.138094% 0.099702% 0.049652%	\$	(4,299,945) (2,428,632) 19,074,369 12,998,787 5,391,787	\$	27,570,160 23,082,211 23,749,437 18,717,610 11,568,937	-15.60% -10.52% 80.32% 69.45% 46.61%	128.23% 115.57% 47.80% 46.33% 54.14%					

Note: For 2022, the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset) is as follows for each plan:

STRS: 174.70% SERS: 24.08% OPERS: 128.23%

The University of AkronSchedule of University's OPEB Contributions Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 to 2022

Contributions

Fiscal Year	Statutorily required contribution		in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)			University's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)											
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	71,273,438 74,643,389 92,564,876 95,918,966 100,964,550	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		
State E	mplo	yees Retire	emen	t System (S	ERS)						
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	\$	198,064 223,035 287,741 516,517 569,979	\$	198,064 223,035 287,741 516,517 569,979	\$	- - - -	\$	27,886,579 31,555,857 38,297,517 42,216,488 46,295,738	0.71% 0.71% 0.75% 1.22% 1.23%		
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)											
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	\$	- - - - 39,302	\$	- - - - 39,302	\$	- - - -	\$	27,570,160 23,082,211 23,749,437 18,717,610 11,568,923	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.34%		

Schedule of Changes in the University's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 to 2022

	2022		2021	 2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$	-	\$ 329,951	\$ 362,567	\$	404,391	\$	385,134	
Interest		-	1,318,137	2,005,578		1,832,190		1,853,219	
Changes of benefit terms		-	(48,266,207)	-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	-	-		92,622		-	
Changes of assumptions		-	163,433	(271,236)		(3,419,925)		-	
Benefit payments		-	(2,645,103)	(3,102,189)		(3,137,088)		(2,693,367)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		-	(49,099,789)	(1,005,280)		(4,227,810)		(455,014)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning			49,099,789	 50,105,069		54,332,879		54,787,893	
University's net OPEB liability - ending	\$		\$ -	\$ 49,099,789	\$	50,105,069	\$	54,332,879	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$ 13,448,810	\$ 13,448,810	\$	18,783,923	\$	18,148,718	
University's net OPEB liability as a percentage of									
covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	365.09%		266.74%		299.38%	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 to 2022

Basis of Presentation

These are 10-year schedules. However, the information in the schedules is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to the schedules in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year for STRS and SERS on the Schedule of University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of University Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) were determined as of the yearend that occurred one year prior.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year for OPERS on the Schedule of University Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of University Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)were determined as of December 31 yearend that occurred within the fiscal year.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year for the UA Plan were determined as of the December 31 yearend that occurred within the fiscal year.

Summary of Changes to Pension Plans

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms affecting the STRS, SERS, OPERS plans.

Changes of assumptions. STRS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2017, there were changes to several assumptions for STRS. The cost-of-living adjustment dropped from 2.00 percent to 0.00 percent. The wage inflation dropped from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

SERS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment dropped from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2016, there were changes to several assumptions for SERS. The wage inflation dropped from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 4.25-10.05 percent to 3.50-18.20 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

OPERS: During the plan year ended December 31, 2018, the discount rate dropped from 7.5 to 7.2.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2016, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The wage inflation dropped from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 4.25-10.05 percent to 3.25-10.75 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 to 2022

Summary of Changes to OPEB Plans

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms affecting the STRS, SERS, OPERS plans for the years ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Note: June 30 for STRS and SERS.

UA Plan: During the plan year ended December 31, 2020 all benefits under the plan were terminated. During May 2020, the University eliminated the University provided retiree dependent health insurance benefit for all eligible current and former non-bargaining employees effective December 31, 2020. Except for the University's faculty union, the remaining University unions also elected to eliminate the benefit by separate ratifications during July 2020 also effective December 31, 2020. During December 2020, the University Board of Trustees approved the elimination of the University provided retiree depended health insurance for eligible dependents of the faculty union effective January 31, 2021. During December 2020, the University eliminated the retiree life insurance program for eligible former employees effective December 31, 2020.

Changes of assumptions. STRS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2018 there were changes to several assumptions for STRS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 6.00 percent to 11.0 percent initial and 4.5 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2017, to -5.23 percent to 9.62 percent initial and 4 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2018. The discount rate increased from a blended rate between the long-term expected rate of return and a 20-year municipal bond rate of 4.13 percent to the investment rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the cash flow analysis.

SERS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was reduced from 3.22 percent to 2.63 percent.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2019, the discount rate was reduced from 3.7 percent to 3.22 percent.

OPERS: During the plan year ended December 31, 2020, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate to 8.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate. The discount rate was increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent.

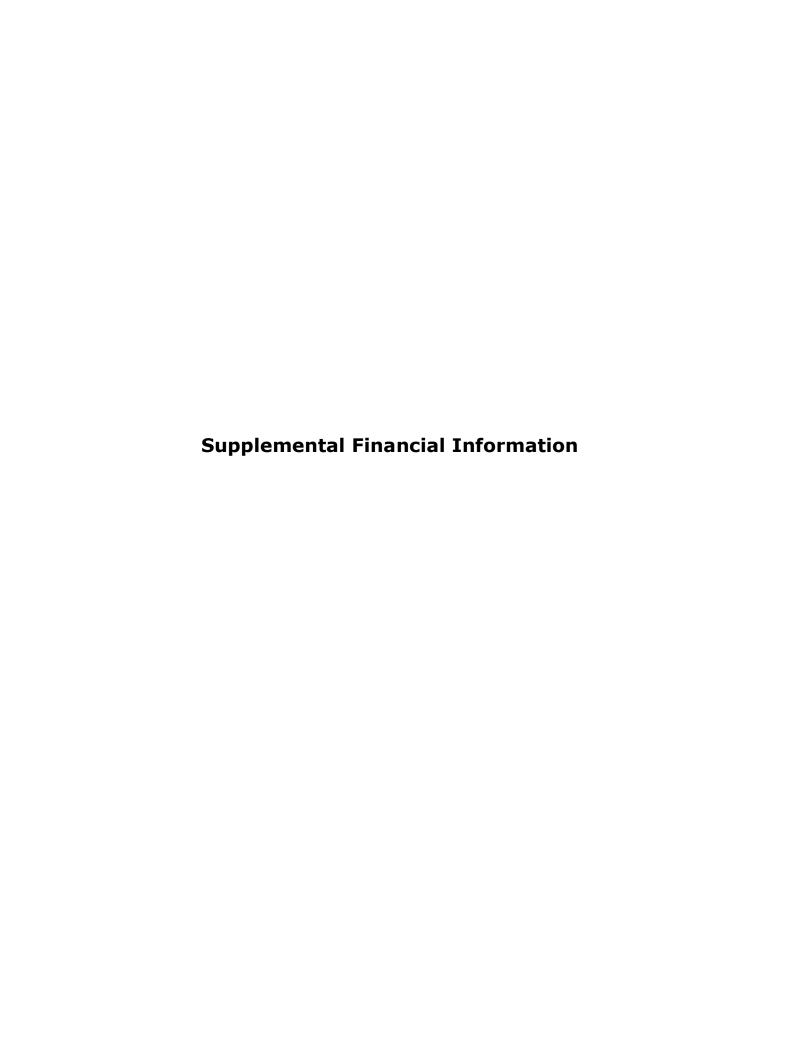
During the plan year ended December 31, 2019, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.0 percent initial and 3.25 percent ultimate to 10.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate. The discount rate was reduced from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent.

UA Plan: During the plan year ended December 31, 2020 the investment rate of return decreased from 2.74 percent to 2.12 percent based on the Bond Buyer Index, as reported in the Bond Buyer.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2019 the investment rate of return decreased from 4.10 percent to 2.74 percent based on the Bond Buyer Index, as reported in The Bond Buyer.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2018 the investment rate of return increased from 3.44 percent to 4.10 percent based on the Bond Buyer Index, as reported in The Bond Buyer.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Management and the Board of Trustees The University of Akron

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of The University of Akron (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

University's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the University's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Columbus, Ohio December 2, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

The Board of Trustees
The University of Akron

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited The University of Akron's (the "University") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the University's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Columbus, Ohio December 2, 2022

	Assistance			
	Listing	Pass-through Entity	Pass-Through to	Total
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Subrecipient	Expenditures
Student Financial Aid Cluster				
Department of Education				
Direct				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	N/A	\$ -	\$ 824,404
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	-	447,617
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	N/A	-	5,884,091
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	-	18,489,620
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	-	55,824,930
Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants				
(TEACH Grants)	84.379	N/A		38,663
Total Department of Education			-	81,509,325
Department of Health and Human Services				
Direct	02.264	A1/A		762.405
Nursing Student Loans	93.364	N/A		763,195
Total Department of Health and Human Services				763,195
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			-	82,272,519
Research and Development Cluster National Science Foundation				
Direct				
Engineering Grants	47.041	N/A	_	40,434
Total Department of Agriculture	47.041	N/A		40,434
				40,454
Department of Agriculture				
Pass Through				
University of Akron Research Foundation-Rural Bus Develop	10.351	N/A	_	1,305
Total Department of Agriculture	10.551	14/11		1,305
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1,505
Department of Commerce				
Direct				
Weather and Air Quality Research	11.459	N/A		3,123
Total Department of Commerce			-	3,123
Department of Defense				
Direct				
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	12.300	N/A	40,996	144,760
Military Medical Research and Development	12.420	N/A	-	47,441
Pass Through				
Alpha STAR Corporation	12.300	N/A	-	(34,866)
Washington University in St Louis	12.420	W81XWH19	-	188,112
Saint-Gobain Ceramics & Plastcs, Inc. Basic, Applied and Advanced	12.630	N/A	-	41,676
The Henry M. Jackson Foundation for Uniformed Services	12.750	N/A	-	435
3D Systems Corporation -Air Force Defense Research Science Pr	12.800	N/A	-	49,046
Bioinddustrial Manufacturing and Design E - Air Force Defense Research	12.800	N/A	-	8,498
University of California, San Diego-Air Force Defense Research Sciences	12.000	N1/A		174 100
Program University of Nebraska, Lincoln & Brunswi-Air Force Defense Research	12.800	N/A	-	174,189
Science Progam	12.800	NA	-	94,972
Wright State University -Research and Techology Development	12.910	N/A	92,992	463,077
Total Department of Defense			133,988	1,177,338
Described and of the Technique				
Department of the Interior Pass Through				
Ohio State University-Assistance to State Water Resources	15.805	N/A	_	8,013
Total Department of Interior	10.005	.,,,,		8,013
Department of Transportation Direct				
Air Transportation Centers of Excellence	20.109	N/A	=	52,388
Pipeline Safety Research Competitive Academic Agreement Program	20.109		64,005	140,562
	20.724	N/A	04,005	140,302
Pass Through Minnesota Department of Transportation - Highway Research and				
Development Program	20.200	TPF-5(353)	-	13,704
· -		- (- = = /		25,7.01
COVID-19 Ohio State - University-Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	OSU-FDCAR	-	76,595
University of Michigan-University Transportation Centers Program	20.701	N/A		47,315
Total Department of Transportation			64,005	330,564

	Assistance			
	Listing	Pass-through Entity	Pass-Through to	Total
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Subrecipient	Expenditures
Research and Development Cluster - continued				
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Direct				
Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958	43.008	N/A	\$ -	\$ 18,969
Pass Through	43.006	N/A	-	\$ 10,909
5				
Georgia Institute of Technology-Aerospace Education Service Program	43.001	N/A		129,247
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			-	148,216
National Science Foundation				
Direct				
Engineering Grants	47.041	N/A	70,553	1,273,645
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049	N/A	718	1,931,974
Geosciences	47.050	N/A	-	293,502
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	47.070	N/A	-	204,640
Biological Sciences	47.074	N/A	-	369,851
International Science and Engineering (OISE)	47.079	NA	-	12,795
Education and Human Resources	47.076	N/A	-	52,439
Pass Through				
Northeastern University - Engineering Grants	47.041	N/A	-	358
eSens LLC-Engineering Grants PolyLux LLC-Engineering Grants	47.041	2054577	-	75,474
Precision Surface Science-Engineering Grants	47.041	2112317	-	51,509
Virginia Tech-Engineering Grants	47.041	2026026	-	17
Virginia Tech-Engineering Grants Virginia Tech-Engineering Grants	47.041 47.041	N/A 1650423	-	184,157
Zsense-Engineering Grants	47.041 47.041	1650423 N/A	-	70,457 359
American Society For Engineering Educati-Education and Human	47.041	N/A	-	11.791
Total National Science Foundation	47.070	N/A	71,271	4,532,969
Federal Domestic Assistance				
Direct P3 Award: National Student Design Competition for Sustainability	66 516	NI/A		17 020
Total Federal Domestic Assistance	66.516	N/A	-	17,820 17,820
Department of Energy				
Direct				
Conservation Research and Development	81.086	N/A	56,291	336,605
Fossil Energy Research and Development	81.089	N/A	173,749	463,318
Pass Through		.4	,	,
Kent State University-Office of Science Financial Assistance Prog	81.049	N/A	_	7,918
North Carolina State University-Conservation Research and Dev	81.086	N/A	-	4,000
Sustainable Manufacturing Innovation All-Renewable Energy	81.089	N/A	-	226,574
Total Department of Energy			230,040	1,038,415
Department of Education				
Pass Through				
University of Cincinnati-Special Education-National Activities	84.323A	N/A	-	3,012
University of Cincinnati-Special Education-Personnel Dev	84.325K	H325K19006		7,342
Total Department of Education			-	10,354

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipient	Total Expenditures
Research and Development Cluster - continued Department of Health and Human Services				
Direct				
Discovery and Applied Research for Technological Innovations to				
improve human Health	93.286	NA	\$ -	\$ 28,021
Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research Cancer Treatment Research	93.394	N/A	84,615	157,076
Arthritis, Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Research	93.895	N/A	10.225	138,877
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.846 93.847	N/A	10,335	125,503
Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological	93.647	N/A	-	86,750
Disorders	93.853	N/A	101,690	146,211
Allergy, Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.855	N/A	-	930
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	N/A	-	136,556
Vision Research	93.867	N/A	94,515	131,966
Pass Through				
Case Western Reserve University-Oral Diseases and Disorders	93.121	R01DE02692	-	17,967
Brown University-Mental Health Research Grant	93.242	R34MH1199	-	21,940
Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene-Mental Health Research	93.242	R01MH0541	-	95,012
Ohio State University-Epidemiology and laboratory Capacity ELC	93.323	N/A	-	178,693
Ohio State University-Epidemiology and laboratory Capacity ELC	93.323	6NU50CK00		143,378
Pennsylvania State University-Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	N/A	-	98,397
University of Texas Arlington-Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	N/A	-	24,269
University of Toledo-Allergy, Immunology and Transplantation	93.855	N/A	-	64,519
University of Tennessee Knoxville-Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	R01GM120642	_	8,471
Women & Infants Hospital of Rhode Island -Child health	93.865	K01GM120042	_	6,858
Case Western Reserve University-Vision Research	93.867	R01EY029169	_	109,534
Total Department of Health and Human Services	33.007	ROILIOZJIOJ	291,155	1,720,928
Total Research and Development Cluster			790,459	9,029,480
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Department of Transportation Pass Through				
Ohio Department of Transportation-Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		54,498	164,149
Ohio Department of Transportation-Highway Planning and Construction Ohio Department of Transportation-Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	E180673	753	911
Ohio Department of Transportation-Highway Planning and Construction Ohio Department of Transportation-Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	E190485	1,446	62,598
Ohio University-Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	E190631 E200943	82,833	135,139 37,814
University of Cincinnati - Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	34876 / E20	_	38,870
University of Cincinnati - Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	FHWAE201		21,833
Total Department of Transportation	20.203	TTIWALZOI	139,530	461,314
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			139,530	461,314
Highway Safety Cluster Pass Through				
Ohio Dept of Public Safety and Community Highway Safety	20.600	N/A		173,781
Total Department of Transportation				173,781
Total Highway Safety Cluster			=	173,781
TRIO Cluster Department of Education Direct				
TRIO_Talent Search	84.044	N/A	_	400,810
TRIO_Upward Bound	84.047	N/A	_	713,647
Total Department of Education	01.017	14/71		1,114,457
Total TRIO Cluster				1,114,457
TANFCluster Department of Health and Human Services Pass Through				
Summit County Dept of Job and Family Srv-Temporary Assistance	93.558	N/A		20,464
Total Department of Health and Human Services				20,464
Total TANF Cluster			-	20,464

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipient	Total Expenditures
Other Programs				
Instruction				
National Aeronautics and Space Administration				
Direct Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958	43.008	N/A	¢ -	\$ 10,393
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration	43.008	N/A	<u> </u>	10,393
				10,033
Department of Education Direct				
Special Education-Personnel Development to Improve Services and				
Results for Children with Disabilities	84.325K	N/A	-	84,852
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	N/A	5,712	424,764
Total Department of Education			5,712	509,616
Department of Health and Human Services				
Direct Nurse Anesthetist Traineeships	93.124	N/A	_	48,982
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services_Projects of Regional and	33.124	N/A		40,302
National Significance	93.243	N/A	-	59,970
Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grant	93.732	N/A	66,201	341,163
Pass Through				
Northeast Ohio Medical Univ. (NEOMED)-Model State-Supported Area Health Education Centers	93.107	N/A	_	66,571
Ohio Department of Job and Family Servic-Child Welfare Services_State	33.107	14/71		00,371
Grants	93.645	N/A	-	11,500
Ohio Department of Job and Family Servic-Social Services Block Grant	93.667	N/A		80,664
Total Department of Health and Human Services	33.007	N/A	66,201	608,849
Total Instruction			71,913	1,128,858
Public Service National Endowment for the Arts Pass Through State Library of Ohio-Grants to States				
	45.310	N/A	-	3,717
Total Department of Justice			-	3,717
Department of Justice				
Direct Grants to Reduce Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault,				
and Stalking on Campus	16.525	N/A	-	12,732
Total Department of Justice			-	12,732
Department of Transportation				
Pass Through COVID-19 Ohio Department of Higher Education-Coronavirus Relief				
Fund	21.019	N/A	-	654,677
Total Department of Transportation			-	654,677
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Direct				
Aeronautics and Space act 1958	43.008	N/A	_	2,000
Total Department of National Aeronautics and space	13.000	14/71		
Total Department of National Actionates and Space			-	2,000
National Endowment for the Arts Pass Through				
State Library of Ohio-Grants to State	45.310	N/A	-	1,980
Total Department of National Endowment for the Arts	45.510	N/A	-	1,980
U.S. Small Business Administration				
Direct	F0 2==			. =00 ===
COVID-19 Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program Total Department of National Endowment for the Arts	59.075	N/A	-	1,598,587
rotal Department of National Endowlinent for the Arts			-	1,598,587

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipient	Total Expenditures
Department of Education				
Direct COVID-19 Emergency Financial Aid Grants to Students under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund -PL 116-136 Title VIII	84.425E	P425E200041	\$ -	\$ 19,200,450
Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Security Act	84.425F	N/A	_	2,261,613
Pass Through COVID-19 Ohio Department of Higher Educations - Governor's	0 11 1231	,		2/202/013
Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER) COVID-19 Ohio Department of Higher Educations - Governor's	84.425C	N/A		332,387
Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER)	84.425D	N/A		5,754
Total Department of Education			-	21,800,204
Department of Health and Human Services				
Pass Through				
The Lupus Foundation of America-Chronic Diseases: Research	93.068	NU58DP006	-	3,850
Summa Health System-Immunization Grants	93.268	N/A	-	16,773
American College Health Association-Protecting and Improving	93.318	N/A	-	2,904
Summit County Dept of Job and Family Srv-Social Services Block Grant	93.667	N/A	-	5,922
Northeast Ohio Medical Univ. (NEOMED)-Geriatric Education Centers	93.969	N/A	-	36,110
Northeast Ohio Medical Univ. (NEOMED)-Geriatric Education Centers	93.969	1U1AHP330		17,613
Total Department of Health and Human Services				83,173
Total Public Service				24,157,070
Total Other Programs			71,913	25,285,928
Grand Total			\$ 1,001,902	\$ 118,357,943

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of The University of Akron (The University) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of The University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of The University.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The University attempts to recover facilities and administrative costs by means of predetermined rates. The predetermined rates are a result of negotiated agreements with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The predetermined rates are 52% for on-campus research, 35.5% for other on-campus sponsored activities and 26% for off-campus research through June 30, 2022. The University has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Loans Outstanding

The following schedule represents total loans advanced to students by The University and balances outstanding for the Perkins and Nursing Student Loan Programs for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Cluster/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	 Advances	utstanding Balances
Perkins Loan Program (net of allowances) Nursing Student Loan Program (net of	84.038	\$ -	\$ 3,405,509
allowances)	93.364	74,275	579,550

Note 4 - Adjustments and Transfers

As allowable and in accordance with federal regulations issued by the U.S. Department of Education, The University transferred \$230,692 of Federal Work Study (FWS) Program (84.033) award funds to the Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant (SEOG) Program (84.007). The University carried forward and spent \$66,300 of the 2020-2021 SEOG award to the 2021-2022 award year.

In addition, the University carried forward \$83,771 and \$58,570 of the 2021-2022 FWS and SEOG awards, respectively, to the 2022-2023 award year. The University spent \$5,298 of the carried forward FWS funds from the 2020-2021 award year during the 2021-2022 award year.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Reconciliation

The following schedule is a reconciliation of total expenditures as shown on the Schedule to the revenue shown as federal grants and contracts on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Position (the Statement), which is included as part of The University's financial statements:

Expenditures per the Schedule	\$ 118,357,943
Pell grants	(18,489,620)
Federal direct loans	(55,824,930)
Federal Perkins loan program	(5,884,091)
Nursing student loan program	(763,195)
Federal grants passed through state entities	(1,627,257)
Federal grants passed through local entities	(26,386)
Private grants	(2,915,660)
Federal purchased service contracts	(1,942,209)
Indirect costs excluded from federal grants on Statement	46,007
Change in deferred revenue from federal grants	 (21,248,686)
Federal grants and contracts as shown on the Statement	\$ 9,681,918

Current restricted funds derived from appropriations, gifts or grants may be used only to meet current expenditures for the purposes specifically identified by sponsoring agencies. The appropriations, gifts or grants are recognized as revenue in The University's external financial statements as expended. Therefore, expenditures per the Schedule reconciles with federal grants and contracts revenue on the Statement, except as noted above.

The University of AkronSchedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial rep • Material weakness(es) identified	5	XYes	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) ider not considered to be mater		Yes	XNone reported
Noncompliance material to finance	cial statements noted?	Yes	X None reported
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major prog • Material weakness(es) identification		Yes	XNo
• Significant deficiency(ies) ider not considered to be mater		Yes	XNone reported
Any audit findings disclosed that accordance with Section 2 CFF	·	in Yes	XNo
Identification of major programs	:		
Assistance Listing Number Various	Name of Federal Progra Research and Developmen	-	Opinion Unmodified
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425E, 84.425F	COVID-19 Higher Educatio Relief Fund and COVID-19 Emergency Education Relie	Governor's	Unmodified
Dollar threshold used to distinguitype A and type B programs:	ish between	\$3,000,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk audi	tee?	XYes	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Reference	
Number	Findings

FINDING 2022-001 - INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER INVESTMENTS

Criteria: The University of Akron Foundation ("Foundation") is responsible for fair presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes an effective internal control system over investments and frequent and timely reconciling of account balances to information provided by the bank and custodians.

Condition: Monthly reconciliations over investments and investment activity were not being performed on a monthly basis.

Context: Investment activity was not recorded timely through the year resulting in material entries posted by the Foundation after year end.

Effect: Errors and fraud can go undetected without frequent and timely investment reconciliations.

Cause: An independent monthly review process was not in place at the Foundation.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: We recommend the Foundation implement an independent review process over the completion of timely investment reconciliations and investment activity to ensure the amounts are accurate and supported.

Response: The Foundation staff will implement routine reconciliation of all investment activity at least quarterly throughout the year. If in preparation of quarterly reconciliations, it is determined that monthly reconciliations will be more productive than the routine will become monthly. The Foundation administration recognizes that we are almost six months into the year and reconciliations for the first half of the year are not complete and outstanding.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

Reference Number	Findings
Current Year	None





UNIVERSITY OF AKRON

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/31/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370